THE

TEMPLE SHAKESPEARE
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PROVO, UTAH

Now Stratford-upon-Avon, we would choose
Thy gentle and ingenuous Shakespeare Muse

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Our Warwickshire the heart of England is,
As you must evidently have prov'd by this:
Having it with more spirit dignifi'd,
Than all our English Counties are beside.

Sir Aston Cokain, 1658 (to William Dugdale's Warwickshire Illustrated.)
SHAKESPEARE'S
COMEDY OF
MUCH ADO
ABOUT NOTHING

WITH PREFACE,
GLOSSARY &C. BY
ISRAEL GOLLANCZ
M.A

LONDON: PUBLISHED BY J. M. DENT AND CO: ALDINE HOUSE W.C. MCMVII
"The interest in the plot is always on account of the characters, not *vice versa*, as in almost all other writers; the plot is a mere canvas and no more. Hence arises the true justification of the same stratagem being used in regard to Benedick and Beatrice,—the vanity in each being alike. Take away from the 'Much Ado About Nothing' all that which is not indispensable to the plot, either as having little to do with it, or, at best, like Dogberry and his comrades, forced into the service, when any other less ingeniously absurd watchmen and night-constables would have answered the mere necessities of the action;—take away Benedick, Beatrice, Dogberry, and the reaction of the former on the character of Hero,—and what will remain? In other writers the main agent of the plot is always the prominent character; in Shakspere it is so, or is not so, as the character is in itself calculated, or not calculated, to form the plot. Don John is the mainspring of the plot of this play; but he is merely shown and then withdrawn."

*Coleridge.*
Preface.

The Editions. A quarto edition of *Much Ado About Nothing* was published in 1600 with the following title-page:—'Much Adoe About Nothing as it hath been sundrie times publikely acted by the right honourable the Lord Chamberlain his servants Written by William Shakespeare. London.' (It had previously been entered on the Stationers’ Register, August 23, 1600.) No other edition is known to have been published previous to the publication of the First Folio, 1623; the play was evidently printed from a copy of a Quarto in the possession of the Theatre, or of the original MS., corrected for the purposes of the Stage. (Cp. Facsimile Quarto Edition, ed. by Mr Daniel.) There are many minor variations between the Quarto and the First Folio, but most of them seem due to the printer’s carelessness.

Date of Composition. As the play is not mentioned by Meres, in 1598, and was printed in 1600, it may be safely assigned to the year 1599, in support of which date the following points are noteworthy:—(1) Probable allusion in the opening scene to a circumstance attending the campaign of the Earl of Essex in Ireland, during the summer of 1599; (2) the character of “Amorphus, or the one Deformed,” in *Cynthia’s Revels*, 1600, may be compared with “the one Deformed, a vile thief this seven year” (cp. III. iii. 133-5, 182, 185); (3) the instructions which Dogberry and Verges give to the night-watch may possibly be intended as
a burlesque on *The Statutes of the Streets*, imprinted by Wolfe, in 1595.

**Source of Plot.** The incident of the interrupted marriage is identical with the story of Ariodante and Ginevra in Ariosto’s *Orlando Furioso*, canto v.; this had been translated into English by Beverly in 1565, and by Harrington in 1591. The story was dramatised before 1582, and was rendered into English verse by George Turberville. Later on it found a place in Spenser’s *Fairy Queen*, Book ii. Canto iv. Shakespeare may, however, have derived his story from Belleforest’s translation in his *Histoires Tragiquest* of Bandello’s 22nd Novella. It is noteworthy that about the same time the German Dramatist, Jacob Ayrer, founded his play *Beautiful Phæricia* upon the same tale, and the English and German plays have certain points of resemblance. Possibly they were both indebted to a lost original (*cp.* Cohn’s *Shakespeare in Germany*). Dr Ward sums up the evidence as follows:—“As the date of Ayrer’s piece is not known—it may have been written before or after 1600—and as that of Shakspere’s is similarly uncertain, it is impossible to decide as to their relative priority. That, however, Ayrer did not copy from Shakspere seems, as Simrock points out, clear from the names of the characters in his play, which follow Bandello, while Shakspere has changed all the names except those of Don Pedro and old Leonato.”

**General Characteristics.** The mixture of tragedy and comedy in this play is so perfectly blended that it may well be regarded as the culminating point of Shakespeare’s second period of activity, the period to which belongs *Twelfth Night, As You Like It*, and *The Merry Wives*; the metrical tests actually place it
last in this group. Beatrice and Benedick should be compared with their prototypes Rosaline and Biron, and Dogberry and his comrades should be contrasted with the earlier clowns, in order to understand the advance which this play marks in Shakespeare's career. "Perhaps," says Hazlitt, "the middle point of comedy was never more nicely hit, in which the ludicrous blends with the tender, and our follies, turning round against themselves, in support of our affections, retain nothing but their humanity."

Later Versions of the Play. Two plays were founded upon Much Ado About Nothing—(1) Davenant's Law against Lovers, which Pepys saw on Feb. 18th, 1661, and (2) The Universal Passion, by Rev. James Miller, 1737.

Duration of Action. For a detailed study of the "time" of the play the reader is referred to Mr Daniel's "Time-Analysis," Trans. of New Shaks. Soc. 1877-79, p. 144. He believes that just as the Prince forgets his determination to stay "at least a month" at Messina, so the "just seven-night" to the wedding was also either forgotten or intentionally set aside, and that only four consecutive days are actually included in the action of the drama—

1. Act I., and Act II. i. and ii.
2. Act II. iii., and Act III. i.-iii.
3. Act III. iv. and v.; Act IV.; Act V. i. ii., and part of iii.
4. Act V., part of iii., and iv.
DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Don Pedro, prince of Arragon.
Don John, his bastard brother.
Claudio, a young lord of Florence.
Benedick, a young lord of Padua.
Leonato, governor of Messina.
Antonio, his brother.
Balthasar, attendant on Don Pedro.
Conrade, Borachio, followers of Don John.
Friar Francis.
Dogberry, a constable.
Verges, a headborough
A Sexton.
A Boy.

Hero, daughter to Leonato.
Beatrice, niece to Leonato.
Margaret, gentlewomen attending on Hero.
Ursula,

Messengers, Watch, Attendants, &c.

Scene, Messina.
Much Ado about Nothing.

Act First.

Scene I.

Before Leonato's house.

Enter Leonato, Hero, and Beatrice, with a Messenger.

Leon. I learn in this letter that Don Pedro of Arragon comes this night to Messina.

Mess. He is very near by this: he was not three leagues off when I left him.

Leon. How many gentlemen have you lost in this action?

Mess. But few of any sort, and none of name.

Leon. A victory is twice itself when the achiever brings home full numbers. I find here that Don Pedro hath bestowed much honour on a young Florentine called Claudio.

Mess. Much deserved on his part, and equally remembered by Don Pedro: he hath borne him-
self beyond the promise of his age; doing, in the figure of a lamb, the feats of a lion: he hath indeed better bettered expectation than you must expect of me to tell you how.

Leon. He hath an uncle here in Messina will be very much glad of it.

Mess. I have already delivered him letters, and there appears much joy in him; even so much, that joy could not show itself modest enough without a badge of bitterness.

Leon. Did he break out into tears?

Mess. In great measure.

Leon. A kind overflow of kindness: there are no faces truer than those that are so washed. How much better is it to weep at joy than to joy at weeping!

Beat. I pray you, is Signior Mountanto returned from the wars or no?

Mess. I know none of that name, lady: there was none such in the army of any sort.

Leon. What is he that you ask for, niece?

Hero. My cousin means Signior Benedick of Padua.

Mess. O, he’s returned; and as pleasant as ever he was.
Beat. He set up his bills here in Messina and challenged Cupid at the flight; and my uncle's fool, reading the challenge, subscribed for Cupid, and challenged him at the bird-bolt. I pray you, how many hath he killed and eaten in these wars? But how many hath he killed? for, indeed, I promised to eat all of his killing.

Leon. Faith, niece, you tax Signior Benedick too much; but he 'll be meet with you, I doubt it not.

Mess. He hath done good service, lady, in these wars.

Beat. You had musty victual, and he hath holp to eat it: he is a very valiant trencher-man; he hath an excellent stomach.

Mess. And a good soldier too, lady.

Beat. And a good soldier to a lady; but what is he to a lord?

Mess. A lord to a lord, a man to a man; stuffed with all honourable virtues.

Beat. It is so, indeed; he is no less than a stuffed man: but for the stuffing,—well, we are all mortal.

Leon. You must not, sir, mistake my niece. There is a kind of merry war betwixt Signior Benedick
and her: they never meet but there's a skirmish of wit between them.

*Beat.* Alas! he gets nothing by that. In our last conflict four of his five wits went halting off, and now is the whole man governed with one: so that if he have wit enough to keep himself warm, let him bear it for a difference between himself and his horse; for it is all the wealth that he hath left, to be known a reasonable creature. Who is his companion now? He hath every month a new sworn brother.

*Mess.* Is't possible?

*Beat.* Very easily possible: he wears his faith but as the fashion of his hat; it ever changes with the next block.

*Mess.* I see, lady, the gentleman is not in your books.

*Beat.* No; an he were, I would burn my study. But, I pray you, who is his companion? Is there no young squarer now that will make a voyage with him to the devil?

*Mess.* He is most in the company of the right noble Claudio.

*Beat.* O Lord, he will hang upon him like a disease: he is sooner caught than the pestilence, and the
taker runs presently mad. God help the noble Claudio! if he have caught the Benedick, it will cost him a thousand pound ere a' be cured. 90

Mess. I will hold friends with you, lady.

Beat. Do, good friend.

Leon. You will never run mad, niece.

Beat. No, not till a hot January.

Mess. Don Pedro is approached.

Enter Don Pedro, Don John, Claudio, Benedick, and Balthasar.

D. Pedro. Good Signior Leonata, you are come to meet your trouble: the fashion of the world is to avoid cost, and you encounter it.

Leon. Never came trouble to my house in the likeness of your Grace: for trouble being gone, comfort should remain; but when you depart from me, sorrow abides, and happiness takes his leave.

D. Pedro. You embrace your charge too willingly. I think this is your daughter.

Leon. Her mother hath many times told me so.

Bene. Were you in doubt, sir, that you asked her?

Leon. Signior Benedick, no; for then were you a child.
D. Pedro. You have it full, Benedick: we may 110
guess by this what you are, being a man. Truly,
the lady fathers herself. Be happy, lady; for
you are like an honourable father.
Bene. If Signior Leonato be her father, she would
not have his head on her shoulders for all
Messina, as like him as she is.
Beat. I wonder that you will still be talking, Signior
Benedick: nobody marks you.
Bene. What, my dear Lady Disdain! are you yet
living?
Beat. Is it possible disdain should die while she hath
such meet food to feed it, as Signior Benedick? 120
Courtes}y itself must convert to disdain, if you
come in her presence
Bene. Then is courtesy a turncoat. But it is certain
I am loved of all ladies, only you excepted: and
I would I could find in my heart that I had not
a hard heart; for, truly, I love none.
Beat. A dear happiness to women: they would else
have been troubled with a pernicious suitor. I 130
thank God and my cold blood, I am of your
humour for that: I had rather hear my dog bark
at a crow than a man swear he loves me.
Bene. God keep your ladyship still in that mind! 80
some gentleman or other shall 'scape a pre-
destinate scratched face.

Beat. Scratching could not make it worse, an 'twere
such a face as yours were.

Bene. Well, you are a rare parrot-teacher.

Beat. A bird of my tongue is better than a beast of 140
yours.

Bene. I would my horse had the speed of your
tongue, and so good a continuer. But keep
your way, i' God's name; I have done.

Beat. You always end with a jade's trick: I know
you of old.

D. Pedro. That is the sum of all, Leonato. Signior
Claudio and Signior Benedick, my dear friend
Leonata hath invited you all. I tell him we
shall stay here at the least a month; and he 150
heartily prays some occasion may detain us
longer. I dare swear he is no hypocrite, but
prays from his heart.

Leon. If you swear, my lord, you shall not be for-
sworn. [To Don John] Let me bid you
welcome, my lord: being reconciled to the
prince your brother, I owe you all duty.

D. John. I thank you: I am not of many words,
but I thank you.
Act I. Sc. i.

Leon. Please it your Grace lead on?

D. Pedro. Your hand, Leonato; we will go together. \[Exeunt all except Benedick and Claudio.\]

Claud. Benedick, didst thou note the daughter of Signior Leonato?

Bene. I noted her not; but I looked on her.

Claud. Is she not a modest young lady?

Bene. Do you question me, as an honest man should do, for my simple true judgement? or would you have me speak after my custom, as being a professed tyrant to their sex?

Claud. No; I pray thee speak in sober judgement.

Bene. Why, i' faith, methinks she's too low for a high praise, too brown for a fair praise, and too little for a great praise: only this commendation I can afford her, that were she other than she is, she were unhandsome; and being no other but as she is, I do not like her.

Claud. Thou thinkest I am in sport: I pray thee tell me truly how thou likest her.

Bene. Would you buy her, that you inquire after her?

Claud. Can the world buy such a jewel?

Bene. Yea, and a case to put it into. But speak
you this with a sad brow? or do you play the flouting Jack, to tell us Cupid is a good hare-finder, and Vulcan a rare carpenter? Come, in what key shall a man take you, to go in the song?

Claud. In mine eye she is the sweetest lady that ever I looked on.

Bene. I can see yet without spectacles, and I see no such matter: there’s her cousin, an she were not possessed with a fury, exceeds her as much in beauty as the first of May doth the last of December. But I hope you have no intent to turn husband, have you?

Claud. I would scarce trust myself, though I had sworn the contrary, if Hero would be my wife.

Bene. Is’t come to this? In faith, hath not the world one man but he will wear his cap with suspicion? Shall I never see a bachelor of threescore again? Go to, i’ faith; an thou wilt needs thrust thy neck into a yoke, wear the print of it, and sigh away Sundays. Look; Don Pedro is returned to seek you.

Re-enter Don Pedro.

D. Pedro. What secret hath held you here, that you followed not to Leonato’s?
Bene. I would your Grace would constrain me to tell.

D. Pedro. I charge thee on thy allegiance.

Bene. You hear, Count Claudio: I can be secret as a dumb man; I would have you think so; but, on my allegiance, mark you this, on my allegiance. He is in love. With who? now that is your Grace's part. Mark how short his answer is;—With Hero, Leonato's short daughter.

Claud. If this were so, so were it uttered.

Bene. Like the old tale, my lord: 'it is not so, nor 'twas not so, but, indeed, God forbid it should be so.'

Claud. If my passion change not shortly, God forbid it should be otherwise.

D. Pedro. Amen, if you love her; for the lady is very well worthy.

Claud. You speak this to fetch me in, my lord.

D. Pedro. By my troth, I speak my thought.

Claud. And, in faith, my lord, I spoke mine.

Bene. And, by my two faiths and troths, my lord, I spoke mine.

Claud. That I love her, I feel.

D. Pedro. That she is worthy, I know.

Bene. That I neither feel how she should be loved,
nor know how she should be worthy, is the opinion that fire cannot melt out of me: I will die in it at the stake.

_D. Pedro._ Thou wast ever an obstinate heretic in the despite of beauty.

_Claud._ And never could maintain his part but in the force of his will.

_Bene._ That a woman conceived me, I thank her; that she brought me up, I likewise give her most humble thanks: but that I will have a recheat wined in my forehead, or hang my bugle in an invisible baldrick, all women shall pardon me. Because I will not do them the wrong to mistrust any, I will do myself the right to trust none; and the fine is, for the which I may go the finer, I will live a bachelor.

_D. Pedro._ I shall see thee, ere I die, look pale with love.

_Bene._ With anger, with sickness, or with hunger, my lord; not with love: prove that ever I lose more blood with love than I will get again with drinking, pick out mine eyes with a ballad-maker's pen, and hang me up at the door of a brothel-house for the sign of blind Cupid.
D. Pedro. Well, if ever thou dost fall from this faith, thou wilt prove a notable argument.

Bene. If I do, hang me in a bottle like a cat, and shoot at me; and he that hits me, let him be clapped on the shoulder and called Adam.

D. Pedro. Well, as time shall try:
‘In time the savage bull doth bear the yoke.’

Bene. The savage bull may; but if ever the sensible Benedick bear it, pluck off the bull’s horns, and set them in my forehead: and let me be vilely painted; and in such great letters as they write ‘Here is good horse to hire,’ let them signify under my sign ‘Here you may see Benedick the married man.’

Claud. If this should ever happen, thou wouldst be horn-mad.

D. Pedro. Nay, if Cupid have not spent all his quiver in Venice, thou wilt quake for this shortly.

Bene. I look for an earthquake too, then.

D. Pedro. Well, you will temporize with the hours. In the meantime, good Signior Benedick, repair to Leonato’s: commend me to him, and tell him I will not fail him at supper; for indeed he hath made great preparation.
Bene. I have almost matter enough in me for such an embassage; and so I commit you—

Claud. To the tuition of God: From my house, if I had it,—

D. Pedro. The sixth of July: Your loving friend, Benedick.

Bene. Nay, mock not, mock not. The body of your discourse is sometime guarded with fragments, and the guards are but slightly basted on neither: ere you flout old ends any further, examine your conscience: and so I leave you. [Exit.

Claud. My liege, your highness now may do me good.

D. Pedro. My love is thine to teach: teach it but how,
And thou shalt see how apt it is to learn
Any hard lesson that may do thee good.

Claud. Hath Leonato any son, my lord?

D. Pedro. No child but Hero; she's his only heir.
Dost thou affect her, Claudio?

Claud. O, my lord,
When you went onward on this ended action,
I look'd upon her with a soldier's eye,
That liked, but had a rougher task in hand
Than to drive liking to the name of love:
But now I am return'd and that war-thoughts
Have left their places vacant, in their rooms
Act I. Sc. i.

Come thronging soft and delicate desires,
All prompting me how fair young Hero is,
Saying, I liked her ere I went to wars.

_D. Pedro._ Thou wilt be like a lover presently,
And tire the hearer with a book of words.
If thou dost love fair Hero, cherish it;
And I will break with her and with her father,
And thou shalt have her. Was't not to this end
That thou began'st to twist so fine a story?

_Claud._ How sweetly you do minister to love,
That know love's grief by his complexion!
But lest my liking might too sudden seem,
I would have salved it with a longer treatise.

_D. Pedro._ What need the bridge much broader than the flood?
The fairest grant is the necessity.
Look, what will serve is fit: 'tis once, thou lov'st,
And I will fit thee with the remedy.

I know we shall have revelling to-night:
I will assume thy part in some disguise,
And tell fair Hero I am Claudio;
And in her bosom I 'll unclasp my heart,
And take her hearing prisoner with the force
And strong encounter of my amorous tale:
Then after to her father will I break;
And the conclusion is, she shall be thine.
In practice let us put it presently. [Exeunt. 330

Scene II.

A room in Leonato's house

Enter Leonato and Antonio, meeting.

Leon. How now, brother! Where is my cousin, your son? hath he provided this music?
Ant. He is very busy about it. But, brother, I can tell you strange news, that you yet dreamt not of.
Leon. Are they good?
Ant. As the event stamps them: but they have a good cover; they show well outward. The prince and Count Claudio, walking in a thick-pleached alley in mine orchard, were thus much overheard by a man of mine: the prince discovered to Claudio that he loved my niece your daughter, and meant to acknowledge it this night in a dance; and if he found her accordant, he meant to take the present time by the top, and instantly break with you of it.
Leon. Hath the fellow any wit that told you this?
Ant. A good sharp fellow: I will send for him; and question him yourself.

Leon. No, no; we will hold it as a dream till it appear itself: but I will acquaint my daughter withal, that she may be the better prepared for an answer, if peradventure this be true. Go you and tell her of it. [Enter attendants.] Cousins, you know what you have to do. O, I cry you mercy, friend; go you with me, and I will use your skill. Good cousin, have a care this busy time.

[Exeunt.

Scene III.

The same.

Enter Don John and Conrade.

Con. What the good-year, my lord! why are you thus out of measure sad?

D. John. There is no measure in the occasion that breeds; therefore the sadness is without limit.

Con. You should hear reason.

D. John. And when I have heard it, what blessing brings it?
about Nothing

Con. If not a present remedy, at least a patient sufferance.

D. John. I wonder that thou, being (as thou sayest thou art) born under Saturn, goest about to apply a moral medicine to a mortifying mischief. I cannot hide what I am: I must be sad when I have cause, and smile at no man’s jests; eat when I have stomach, and wait for no man’s leisure; sleep when I am drowsy, and tend on no man’s business; laugh when I am merry, and claw no man in his humour.

Con. Yea, but you must not make the full show of this till you may do it without controlment. You have of late stood out against your brother, and he hath ta’en you newly into his grace; where it is impossible you should take true root but by the fair weather that you make yourself: it is needful that you frame the season for your own harvest.

D. John. I had rather be a canker in a hedge than a rose in his grace; and it better fits my blood to be disdained of all than to fashion a carriage to rob love from any: in this, though I cannot be said to be a flattering honest man, it must not be denied but I am a plain-dealing villain. I am
trusted with a muzzle, and enfranchised with a clog; therefore I have decreed not to sing in my cage. If I had my mouth, I would bite; if I had my liberty, I would do my liking: in the meantime let me be that I am, and seek not to alter me.

Con. Can you make no use of your discontent?

D. John. I make all use of it, for I use it only.
Who comes here?

Enter Borachio.

What news, Borachio?

Bora. I came yonder from a great supper: the prince your brother is royally entertained by Leonato; and I can give you intelligence of an intended marriage.

D. John. Will it serve for any model to build mischief on? What is he for a fool that betroths himself to unquietness?

Bora. Marry, it is your brother's right hand.

D. John. Who? the most exquisite Claudio?

Bora. Even he.

D. John. A proper squire! And who, and who? which way looks he?
Bora. Marry, on Hero, the daughter and heir of Leonato.

D. John. A very forward March-chick! How came you to this?

Bora. Being entertained for a perfumer, as I was smoking a musty room, comes me the prince and Claudio, hand in hand, in sad conference: I whipt me behind the arras; and there heard it agreed upon, that the prince should woo Hero for himself, and having obtained her, give her to Count Claudio.

D. John. Come, come, let us thither: this may prove food to my displeasure. That young start-up hath all the glory of my overthrow: if I can cross him any way, I bless myself every way. You are both sure, and will assist me?

Con. To the death, my lord.

D. John. Let us to the great supper: their cheer is the greater that I am subdued. Would the cook were of my mind! Shall we go prove what's to be done?

Bora. We'll wait upon your lordship. [Exeunt.]
Act Second.

Scene I.

A hall in Leonato's house.

Enter Leonato, Antonio, Hero, Beatrice, and others.

Leon. Was not Count John here at supper?
Ant. I saw him not.
Beat. How tartly that gentleman looks! I never can see him but I am heart-burned an hour after.

Hero. He is of a very melancholy disposition.
Beat. He were an excellent man that were made just in the midway between him and Benedick: the one is too like an image and says nothing, and the other too like my lady's eldest son, evermore tattling.

Leon. Then half Signior Benedick's tongue in Count John's mouth, and half Count John's melancholy in Signior Benedick's face,—

Beat. With a good leg and a good foot, uncle, and money enough in his purse, such a man would win any woman in the world, if a' could get her good-will.
Leon. By my troth, niece, thou wilt never get thee a husband, if thou be so shrewd of thy tongue.

Ant. In faith, she's too curst.

Beat. Too curst is more than curst: I shall lessen God's sending that way; for it is said, 'God sends a curst cow short horns;' but to a cow too curst he sends none.

Leon. So, by being too curst, God will send you no horns.

Beat. Just, if he send me no husband; for the which blessing I am at him upon my knees every morning and evening. Lord, I could not endure a husband with a beard on his face: I had rather lie in the woollen.

Leon. You may light on a husband that hath no beard.

Beat. What should I do with him? dress him in my apparel, and make him my waiting-gentlewoman? He that hath a beard is more than a youth; and he that hath no beard is less than a man: and he that is more than a youth is not for me; and he that is less than a man, I am not for him: therefore I will even take sixpence in earnest of the bear-ward, and lead his apes into hell.
Act II. Sc. i.

Leon. Well, then, go you into hell?
Beat. No, but to the gate; and there will the devil meet me, like an old cuckold, with horns on his head, and say 'Get you to heaven, Beatrice, get you to heaven; here's no place for you maids:' so deliver I up my apes, and away to Saint Peter for the heavens; he shows me where the bachelors sit, and there live we as merry as the day is long.

Ant. [To Hero] Well, niece, I trust you will be ruled by your father.
Beat. Yes, faith; it is my cousin's duty to make courtesy, and say, 'Father, as it please you.' But yet for all that, cousin, let him be a handsome fellow, or else make another courtesy, and say, 'Father, as it please me.'

Leon. Well, niece, I hope to see you one day fitted with a husband.
Beat. Not till God make men of some other metal than earth. Would it not grieve a woman to be overmastered with a piece of valiant dust? to make an account of her life to a clod of wayward marl? No, uncle, I'll none: Adam's sons are my brethren; and, truly, I hold it a sin to match in my kindred.
Leon. Daughter, remember what I told you: if the prince do solicit you in that kind, you know your answer.

Beat. The fault will be in the music, cousin, if you be not wooed in good time: if the prince be too important, tell him there is measure in everything, and so dance out the answer. For, hear me, Hero: wooing, wedding, and repenting, is as a Scotch jig, a measure, and a cinque pace: the first suit is hot and hasty, like a Scotch jig, and full as fantastical; the wedding, mannerly-modest, as a measure, full of state and ancientry; and then comes repentance, and, with his bad legs, falls into the cinque pace faster and faster, till he sink into his grave.

Leon. Cousin, you apprehend passing shrewdly.

Beat. I have a good eye, uncle; I can see a church by daylight.

Leon. The revellers are entering, brother: make good room.

[All put on their masks.

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Balthasar, Don John, Borachio, Margaret, Ursula, and others, masked.

D. Pedro. Lady, will you walk about with your friend?
Act II. Sc. i.

_Hero._ So you walk softly, and look sweetly, and say nothing; I am yours for the walk; and especially when I walk away.

_D. Pedro._ With me in your company?

_Hero._ I may say so, when I please.

_D. Pedro._ And when please you to say so?

_Hero._ When I like your favour; for God defend the lute should be like the case!

_D. Pedro._ My visor is Philemon's roof; within the house is Jove.

_Hero._ Why, then, your visor should be thatched.

_D. Pedro._ Speak low, if you speak love.

[Drawing her aside.

_Balth._ Well, I would you did like me.

_Marg._ So would not I, for your own sake; for I have many ill qualities.

_Balth._ Which is one?

_Marg._ I say my prayers aloud.

_Balth._ I love you the better: the hearers may cry,

Amen.

_Marg._ God match me with a good dancer!

_Balth._ Amen.

_Marg._ And God keep him out of my sight when the dance is done! Answer, clerk.
Balth. No more words: the clerk is answered.

Urs. I know you well enough; you are Signior Antonio.

Ant. At a word, I am not.

Urs. I know you by the waggling of your head.

Ant. To tell you true, I counterfeit him.

Urs. You could never do him so ill-well, unless you were the very man. Here's his dry hand up and down: you are he, you are he.

Ant. At a word, I am not.

Urs. Come, come, do you think I do not know you by your excellent wit? can virtue hide itself? Go to, mum, you are he: graces will appear, and there's an end.

Beat. Will you not tell me who told you so?

Bene. No, you shall pardon me.

Beat. Nor will you not tell me who you are?

Bene. Not now.

Beat. That I was disdainful, and that I had my good wit out of the 'Hundred Merry Tales':—well, this was Signior Benedick that said so.

Bene. What's he?

Beat. I am sure you know him well enough.

Bene. Not I, believe me.
Beat. Did he never make you laugh?
Bene. I pray you, what is he?
Beat. Why, he is the prince's jester: a very dull fool; only his gift is in devising impossible slanders: none but libertines delight in him; and the commendation is not in his wit, but in his villany; for he both pleases men and angers them, and then they laugh at him and beat him. I am sure he is in the fleet: I would he had boarded me.
Bene. When I know the gentleman, I'll tell him what you say.
Beat. Do, do: he'll but break a comparison or two on me; which, peradventure not marked or not laughed at, strikes him into melancholy; and then there's a partridge wing saved, for the fool will eat no supper that night. [Music.] We must follow the leaders.
Bene. In every good thing.
Beat. Nay, if they lead to any ill, I will leave them at the next turning.

[Dance. Then exeunt all except Don John, Borachio, and Claudio.

D. John. Sure my brother is amorous on Hero, and hath withdrawn her father to break with him
about it. The ladies follow her, and but one visor remains.

_Bora._ And that is Claudio: I know him by his bearing.

_D. John._ Are not you Signior Benedick?

_Claud._ You know me well; I am he.

_D. John._ Signior, you are very near my brother in his love; he is enamoured on Hero; I pray you, dissuade him from her: she is no equal for his birth: you may do the part of an honest man in it.

_Claud._ How know you he loves her?

_D. John._ I heard him swear his affection.

_Bora._ So did I too; and he swore he would marry her to-night.

_D. John._ Come, let us to the banquet.

[Exeunt Don John and Borachio.

_Claud._ Thus answer I in name of Benedick,

But hear these ill news with the ears of Claudio. 'Tis certain so; the prince wooes for himself. Friendship is constant in all other things Save in the office and affairs of love: Therefore all hearts in love use their own tongues; Let every eye negotiate for itself, And trust no agent; for beauty is a witch,

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Against whose charms faith melteth into blood.
This is an accident of hourly proof,
Which I mistrusted not. Farewell, therefore, Hero!

Re-enter Benedick.

Bene. Count Claudio?
Claud. Yea, the same.
Bene. Come, will you go with me?
Claud. Whither?
Bene. Even to the next willow, about your own business, county. What fashion will you wear the garland of? about your neck, like an usurer's chain? or under your arm, like a lieutenant's scarf? You must wear it one way, for the prince hath got your Hero.

Claud. I wish him joy of her.
Bene. Why, that's spoken like an honest drovier; so they sell bullocks. But did you think the prince would have served you thus?
Claud. I pray you, leave me.
Bene. Ho! now you strike like the blind man; 'twas the boy that stole your meat, and you'll beat the post.

Claud. If it will not be, I'll leave you. [Exit.
Bene. Alas, poor hurt fowl! now will he creep into
sedges. But, that my lady Beatrice should know me, and not know me! The prince's fool! Ha? It may be I go under that title because I am merry. Yea, but so I am apt to do myself wrong; I am not so reputed: it is the base, though bitter, disposition of Beatrice that puts the world into her person, and so gives me out. Well, I'll be revenged as I may.

Re-enter Don Pedro.

D. Pedro. Now, signior, where's the count? did you see him?

Bene. Troth, my lord, I have played the part of Lady Fame. I found him here as melancholy as a lodge in a warren: I told him, and I think I told him true, that your grace had got the good will of this young lady; and I offered him my company to a willow-tree, either to make him a garland, as being forsaken, or to bind him up a rod, as being worthy to be whipped.

D. Pedro. To be whipped! What's his fault?

Bene. The flat transgression of a school-boy, who, being overjoyed with finding a birds' nest, shows it his companion, and he steals it.
D. Pedro. Wilt thou make a trust a transgression? The transgression is in the stealer.

Bene. Yet it had not been amiss the rod had been made, and the garland too; for the garland he might have worn himself, and the rod he might have bestowed on you, who, as I take it, have stolen his birds' nest.

D. Pedro. I will but teach them to sing, and restore them to the owner.

Bene. If their singing answer your saying, by my faith, you say honestly.

D. Pedro. The Lady Beatrice hath a quarrel to you: the gentleman that danced with her told her she is much wronged by you.

Bene. O, she misused me past the endurance of a block! an oak but with one green leaf on it would have answered her; my very visor began to assume life and scold with her. She told me, not thinking I had been myself, that I was the prince's jester, that I was duller than a great thaw; huddling jest upon jest, with such impossible conveyance, upon me, that I stood like a man at a mark, with a whole army shooting at me. She speaks poniards, and every word stabs: if her breath were as terrible as her terminations,
there were no living near her; she would infect to the north star. I would not marry her, though she were endowed with all that Adam had left him before he transgressed: she would have made Hercules have turned spit, yea, and have cleft his club to make the fire too. Come, talk not of her: you shall find her the infernal Ate in good apparel. I would to God some scholar would conjure her; for certainly, while she is here, a man may live as quiet in hell as in a sanctuary; and people sin upon purpose, because they would go thither; so, indeed, all disquiet, horror, and perturbation follows her.

D. Pedro. Look, here she comes.

Re-enter Claudio, Beatrice, Hero, and Leonato.

Bene. Will your grace command me any service to the world’s end? I will go on the slightest errand now to the Antipodes that you can devise to send me on; I will fetch you a tooth-picker now from the furthest inch of Asia; bring you the length of Prester John’s foot; fetch you a hair off the great Cham’s beard; do you any embassage to the Pigmies; rather than hold three
words' conference with this harpy. You have no employment for me?

D. Pedro. None, but to desire your good company.

Bene. O God, sir, here's a dish I love not: I cannot endure my Lady Tongue.

[Exit.]

D. Pedro. Come, lady, come; you have lost the heart of Signior Benedick.

Beat. Indeed, my lord, he lent it me awhile; and I gave him use for it, a double heart for his single one: marry, once before he won it of me with false dice, therefore your Grace may well say I have lost it.

D. Pedro. You have put him down, lady, you have put him down.

Beat. So I would not he should do me, my lord, lest I should prove the mother of fools. I have brought Count Claudio, whom you sent me to seek.

D. Pedro. Why, how now, count! wherefore are you sad?

Claud. Not sad, my lord.

D. Pedro. How then? sick?

Claud. Neither, my lord.

Beat. The count is neither sad, nor sick, nor merry, nor well; but civil count, civil as an
orange, and something of that jealous com-
plexion.

D. Pedro. I' faith, lady, I think your blazon to be 
true; though, I' ll be sworn, if he be so, his 
conceit is false. Here, Claudio, I have wooed in 
thy name, and fair Hero is won: I have broke 
with her father, and his good will obtained: 
name the day of marriage, and God give thee joy!

Leon. Count, take of me my daughter, and with her 
my fortunes: his Grace hath made the match, 
and all grace say Amen to it.

Beat. Speak, count, 'tis your cue.

Claud. Silence is the perfectest herald of joy: I 
were but little happy, if I could say how much. 
Lady, as you are mine, I am yours: I give away 
myself for you, and dote upon the exchange. 320 

Beat. Speak, cousin; or, if you cannot, stop his 
mouth with a kiss, and let not him speak 
neither.

D. Pedro. In faith, lady, you have a merry 
heart.

Beat. Yea, my lord; I thank it, poor fool, it keeps 
on the windy side of care. My cousin tells 
him in his ear that he is in her heart.

Claud. And so she doth, cousin.
Beat. Good Lord, for alliance! Thus goes every one to the world but I, and I am sun-burnt; I may sit in a corner, and cry heigh-ho for a husband!

D. Pedro. Lady Beatrice, I will get you one.

Beat. I would rather have one of your father’s getting. Hath your Grace ne’er a brother like you? Your father got excellent husbands, if a maid could come by them.

D. Pedro. Will you have me, lady?

Beat. No, my lord, unless I might have another for working-days: your Grace is too costly to wear every day. But, I beseech your Grace, pardon me: I was born to speak all mirth and no matter.

D. Pedro. Your silence most offends me, and to be merry best becomes you; for, out of question, you were born in a merry hour.

Beat. No, sure, my lord, my mother cried; but then there was a star danced, and under that was I born. Cousins, God give you joy!

Leon. Niece, will you look to those things I told you of?

Beat. I cry you mercy, uncle. By your Grace’s pardon. [Exit.]
D. Pedro. By my troth, a pleasant-spirited lady.

Leon. There's little of the melancholy element in her, my lord: she is never sad but when she sleeps; and not ever sad then; for I have heard my daughter say, she hath often dreamed of unhappiness, and waked herself with laughing.

D. Pedro. She cannot endure to hear tell of a husband.

Leon. O, by no means: she mocks all her wooers out of suit.

D. Pedro. She were an excellent wife for Benedick.

Leon. O Lord, my lord, if they were but a week married, they would talk themselves mad.

D. Pedro. County Claudio, when mean you to go to church?

Claud. To-morrow, my lord: time goes on crutches till love have all his rites.

Leon. Not till Monday, my dear son, which is hence a just seven-night; and a time too brief, too, to have all things answer my mind.

D. Pedro. Come, you shake the head at so long a breathing: but, I warrant thee, Claudio, the time shall not go dully by us. I will, in the
interim, undertake one of Hercules’ labours; which is, to bring Signior Benedick and the Lady Beatrice into a mountain of affection the one with the other. I would fain have it a match; and I doubt not but to fashion it, if you three will but minister such assistance as I shall give you direction.

**Leon.** My lord, I am for you, though it cost me ten nights’ watchings.

**Claud.** And I, my lord.

**D. Pedro.** And you too, gentle Hero?

**Hero.** I will do any modest office, my lord, to help my cousin to a good husband.

**D. Pedro.** And Benedick is not the unhopefulllest husband that I know. Thus far can I praise him; he is of a noble strain, of approved valour, and confirmed honesty. I will teach you how to humour your cousin, that she shall fall in love with Benedick; and I, with your two helps, will so practise on Benedick, that, in despite of his quick wit and his queasy stomach, he shall fall in love with Beatrice. If we can do this, Cupid is no longer an archer: his glory shall be ours, for we are the only love-gods. Go in with me, and I will tell you my drift. 

[Exeunt.]

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Scene II.

The same.

Enter Don John and Borachio.

D. John. It is so; the Count Claudio shall marry the daughter of Leonato.

Bora. Yea, my lord; but I can cross it.

D. John. Any bar, any cross, any impediment will be medicinable to me: I am sick in displeasure to him; and whatsoever comes athwart his affection ranges evenly with mine. How canst thou cross this marriage?

Bora. Not honestly, my lord; but so covertly that no dishonesty shall appear in me.

D. John. Show me briefly how.

Bora. I think I told your lordship, a year since, how much I am in the favour of Margaret, the waiting gentlewoman to Hero.


Bora. I can, at any unseasonable instant of the night, appoint her to look out at her lady's chamber window.

D. John. What life is in that, to be the death of this marriage?
Act II. Sc. ii.

_Bora._ The poison of that lies in you to temper. Go you to the prince your brother; spare not to tell him that he hath wronged his honour in marrying the renowned Claudio—whose estimation do you mightily hold up—to a contaminated stale, such a one as Hero.

_D. John._ What proof shall I make of that?

_Bora._ Proof enough to misuse the prince, to vex Claudio, to undo Hero, and kill Leonato. Look you for any other issue?

_D. John._ Only to despite them I will endeavour any thing.

_Bora._ Go, then; find me a meet hour to draw Don Pedro and the Count Claudio alone: tell them that you know that Hero loves me; intend a kind of zeal both to the prince and Claudio, as,—in love of your brother's honour, who hath made this match, and his friend's reputation, who is thus like to be cozened with the semblance of a maid,—that you have discovered thus. They will scarcely believe this without trial: offer them instances; which shall bear no less likelihood than to see me at her chamber-window; hear me call Margaret, Hero; hear Margaret term me Claudio; and bring them to see this the
very night before the intended wedding,—for in the meantime I will so fashion the matter that Hero shall be absent,—and there shall appear such seeming truth of Hero's disloyalty, that jealousy shall be called assurance and all the preparation overthrown.

_D. John._ Grow this to what adverse issue it can, I will put it in practice. Be cunning in the working this, and thy fee is a thousand ducats.

_Bora._ Be you constant in the accusation, and my cunning shall not shame me.

_D. John._ I will presently go learn their day of marriage.  

[Exeunt.

**Scene III.**

_Leonato's orchard._

_Enter Benedick._

_Bene._ Boy!

_Enter Boy._

_Boy._ Signior?

_Bene._ In my chamber-window lies a book: bring it hither to me in the orchard.

_Boy._ I am here already, sir.
Act II. Sc. iii.

Bene. I know that; but I would have thee hence, and here again. [Exit Boy.] I do much wonder that one man, seeing how much another man is a fool when he dedicates his behaviours to love, will, after he hath laughed at such shallow follies in others, become the argument of his own scorn by falling in love: and such a man is Claudio. I have known when there was no music with him but the drum and the fife; and now had he rather hear the tabor and the pipe: I have known when he would have walked ten mile a-foot to see a good armour; and now will he lie ten nights awake, carving the fashion of a new doublet. He was wont to speak plain and to the purpose, like an honest man and a soldier; and now is he turned orthography; his words are a very fantastical banquet,—just so many strange dishes. May I be so converted, and see with these eyes? I cannot tell; I think not: I will not be sworn but love may transform me to an oyster; but I’ll take my oath on it, till he have made an oyster of me, he shall never make me such a fool. One woman is fair, yet I am well; another is wise, yet I am well; another virtuous, yet I am well: but till all graces be in one woman,
one woman shall not come in my grace. Rich
she shall be, that’s certain; wise, or I’ll none;
virtuous, or I’ll never cheapen her; fair, or
I’ll never look on her; mild, or come not near
me; noble, or not I for an angel; of good dis-
course, an excellent musician, and her hair shall
be of what colour it please God. Ha! the prince
and Monsieur Love! I will hide me in the arbour.

[Withdraws.

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, and Leonato.

D. Pedro. Come, shall we hear this music?
Claud. Yea, my good lord. How still the evening is,
As hush’d on purpose to grace harmony!
D. Pedro. See you where Benedick hath hid himself?
Claud. O, very well, my lord: the music ended,
We’ll fit the kid-fox with a pennyworth.

Enter Balthasar with Music.

D. Pedro. Come, Balthasar, we’ll hear that song again.
Balth. O, good my lord, tax not so bad a voice
To slander music any more than once.
D. Pedro. It is the witness still of excellency
To put a strange face on his own perfection.
I pray thee, sing, and let me woo no more.
Balth. Because you talk of wooing, I will sing;  
    Since many a wooer doth commence his suit  
To her he thinks not worthy, yet he wooes,  
Yet will he swear he loves.

D. Pedro. Nay, pray thee, come;  
    Or, if thou wilt hold longer argument,  
Do it in notes.

Balth. Note this before my notes;  
    There’s not a note of mine that’s worth the noting.

D. Pedro. Why, these are very crotchets that he speaks;  
    Note, notes, forsooth, and nothing. [Air.

Bene. Now, divine air! now is his soul ravished! Is it not strange that sheeps’ guts should hale souls out of men’s bodies? Well, a horn for my money, when all’s done.

The Song.

Balth. Sigh no more, ladies, sigh no more,  
    Men were deceivers ever,  
One foot in sea and one on shore,  
    To one thing constant never:  
Then sigh not so, but let them go,  
    And be you blithe and bonny,  
Converting all your sounds of woe  
Into Hey nonny, nonny.
Sing no more ditties, sing no moe,
Of dumps so dull and heavy;
The fraud of men was ever so,
Since summer first was leavy:
Then sigh not so, &c.

D. Pedro. By my troth, a good song.
Balth. And an ill singer, my lord.
D. Pedro. Ha, no, no, faith; thou singest well enough for a shift.
Bene. An he had been a dog that should have howled thus, they would have hanged him: and I pray God his bad voice bode no mischief. I had as lief have heard the night-raven, come what plague could have come after it.
D. Pedro. Yea, marry, dost thou hear, Balthasar? I pray thee, get us some excellent music; for to-morrow night we would have it at the Lady Hero’s chamber-window.
Balth. The best I can, my lord.
D. Pedro. Do so: farewell. [Exit Balthasar.] Come hither, Leonato. What was it you told me of to-day, that your niece Beatrice was in love with Signior Benedick?
Claud. O, ay: stalk on, stalk on; the fowl sits.
did never think that lady would have loved any man.

Leon. No, nor I neither; but most wonderful that she should so dote on Signior Benedick, whom she hath in all outward behaviours seemed ever to abhor.

Bene. Is’t possible? Sits the wind in that corner?

Leon. By my troth, my lord, I cannot tell what to think of it, but that she loves him with an enraged affection; it is past the infinite of thought.

D. Pedro. May be she doth but counterfeit.

Claud. Faith, like enough.

Leon. O God, counterfeit! There was never counterfeit of passion came so near the life of passion as she discovers it.

D. Pedro. Why, what effects of passion shows she?

Claud. Bait the hook well; this fish will bite.

Leon. What effects, my lord? She will sit you, you heard my daughter tell you how.

Claud. She did, indeed.

D. Pedro. How, how, I pray you? You amaze me: I would have thought her spirit had been invincible against all assaults of affection.
Leon. I would have sworn it had, my lord; especially against Benedick.

Bene. I should think this a gull, but that the white-bearded fellow speaks it: knavery cannot, sure, hide himself in such reverence.

Claud. He hath ta'en the infection: hold it up.

D. Pedro. Hath she made her affection known to Benedick?

Leon. No; and swears she never will: that's her torment.

Claud. 'Tis true, indeed; so your daughter says: 'Shall I,' says she, 'that have so oft encountered him with scorn, write to him that I love him?'

Leon. This says she now when she is beginning to write to him; for she'll be up twenty times a night; and there will she sit in her smock till she have writ a sheet of paper: my daughter tells us all.

Claud. Now you talk of a sheet of paper, I remember a pretty jest your daughter told us of.

Leon. O, when she had writ it, and was reading it over, she found Benedick and Beatrice between the sheet?

Claud. That.
Leon. O, she tore the letter into a thousand halfpence; railed at herself, that she should be so immodest to write to one that she knew would flout her; 'I measure him,' says she, 'by my own spirit; for I should flout him, if he writ to me; yea, though I love him, I should.'

Claud. Then down upon her knees she falls, weeps, sobs, beats her heart, tears her hair, prays, curses; 'O sweet Benedick! God give me patience!'

Leon. She doth indeed; my daughter says so: and the ecstasy hath so much overborne her, that my daughter is sometime afeard she will do a desperate outrage to herself: it is very true.

D. Pedro. It were good that Benedick knew of it by some other, if she will not discover it.

Claud. To what end? He would make but a sport of it, and torment the poor lady worse.

D. Pedro. An he should, it were an alms to hang him. She's an excellent sweet lady; and, out of all suspicion, she is virtuous.

Claud. And she is exceeding wise.

D. Pedro. In every thing but in loving Benedick.

Leon. O, my lord, wisdom and blood combating in so...
tender a body, we have ten proofs to one that blood hath the victory. I am sorry for her, as I have just cause, being her uncle and her guardian.

D. Pedro. I would she had bestowed this dotage on me: I would have daffed all other respects, and made her half myself. I pray you, tell Benedick of it, and hear what a' will say.

Leon. Were it good, think you?

Claud. Hero thinks surely she will die; for she says if he love her not; and she will die, ere she make her love known; and she will die, if he woo her, rather than she will bate one breath of her accustomed crossness.

D. Pedro. She doth well: if she should make tender of her love, 'tis very possible he 'll scorn it; for the man, as you know all, hath a contemptible spirit.

Claud. He is a very proper man.

D. Pedro. He hath indeed a good outward happiness.

Claud. Before God! and in my mind, very wise.

D. Pedro. He doth indeed show some sparks that are like wit.

Claud. And I take him to be valiant.
D. Pedro. As Hector, I assure you: and in the managing of quarrels you may say he is wise; for either he avoids them with great discretion, or undertakes them with a most Christian-like fear.

Leon. If he do fear God, a' must necessarily keep peace: if he break the peace, he ought to enter into a quarrel with fear and trembling.

D. Pedro. And so will he do; for the man doth fear God, howsoever it seems not in him by some large jests he will make. Well, I am sorry for your niece. Shall we go seek Benedick, and tell him of her love?

Claud. Never tell him, my lord: let her wear it out with good counsel.

Leon. Nay, that's impossible: she may wear her heart out first.

D. Pedro. Well, we will hear further of it by your daughter: let it cool the while. I love Benedick well; and I could wish he would modestly examine himself, to see how much he is unworthy so good a lady.

Leon. My lord, will you walk? dinner is ready.

Claud. If he do not dote on her upon this, I will never trust my expectation.
D. Pedro. Let there be the same net spread for her; and that must your daughter and her gentlewomen carry. The sport will be, when they hold one an opinion of another's dotage, and no such matter: that's the scene that I would see, which will be merely a dumb-show. Let us send her to call him in to dinner.

[Exeunt Don Pedro, Claudio, and Leonato.

Bene. [Coming forward] This can be no trick: the conference was sadly borne. They have the truth of this from Hero. They seem to pity the lady: it seems her affections have their full bent. Love me! why, it must be requited. I hear how I am censured: they say I will bear myself proudly, if I perceive the love come from her; they say too that she will rather die than give any sign of affection. I did never think to marry: I must not seem proud: happy are they that hear their detractions, and can put them to mending. They say the lady is fair,—'tis a truth, I can bear them witness; and virtuous,—'tis so, I cannot reprove it; and wise, but for loving me,—by my troth, it is no addition to her wit, nor no great argument of her folly, for I will be horribly in love with her. I may chance
have some odd quirks and remnants of wit broken on me, because I have railed so long against marriage: but doth not the appetite alter? a man loves the meat in his youth that he cannot endure in his age. Shall quips and sentences and these paper bullets of the brain awe a man from the career of his humour? No, the world must be peopled. When I said I would die a bachelor, I did not think I should live till I were married. Here comes Beatrice. By this day! she's a fair lady: I do spy some marks of love in her.

Enter Beatrice.

Beat. Against my will I am sent to bid you come in to dinner.

Bene. Fair Beatrice, I thank you for your pains.

Beat. I took no more pains for those thanks than you take pains to thank me: if it had been painful, I would not have come.

Bene. You take pleasure, then, in the message?

Beat. Yea, just so much as you may take upon a knife's point, and choke a daw withal. You have no stomach, signior: fare you well. [Exit.

Bene. Ha! 'Against my will I am sent to bid you come in to dinner;' there's a double meaning
in that. 'I took no more pains for those thanks than you took pains to thank me;' that's as much as to say, Any pains that I take for you is as easy as thanks. If I do not take pity of her, I am a villain; if I do not love her, I am a Jew. I will go get her picture. [Exit.

Act Third,

Scene I.

Leonato's orchard.

Enter Hero, Margaret, and Ursula

**Hero.** Good Margaret, run thee to the parlour There shalt thou find my cousin Beatrice Proposing with the prince and Claudio: Whisper her ear, and tell her, I and Ursula Walk in the orchard, and our whole discourse Is all of her; say that thou overheard'st us; And bid her steal into the pleached bower, Where honeysuckles, ripen'd by the sun, Forbid the sun to enter; like favourites, Made proud by princes, that advance their pride
Against that power that bred it: there will she hide her,
To listen our propose. This is thy office;
Bear thee well in it, and leave us alone.

*Marg.* I’ll make her come, I warrant you, presently. [*Exit.*

*Hero.* Now, Ursula, when Beatrice doth come,
As we do trace this alley up and down,
Our talk must only be of Benedick.
When I do name him, let it be thy part
To praise him more than ever man did merit:
My talk to thee must be, how Benedick
Is sick in love with Beatrice. Of this matter
Is little Cupid’s crafty arrow made,
That only wounds by hearsay.

*Enter Beatrice, behind.*

Now begin;
For look where Beatrice, like a lapwing, runs
Close by the ground, to hear our conference.

*Urs.* The pleasant’st angling is to see the fish
Cut with her golden oars the silver stream,
And greedily devour the treacherous bait:
So angle we for Beatrice; who even now
Is couched in the woodbine coverture.
Fear you not my part of the dialogue.
Hero. Then go we near her, that her ear lose nothing
Of the false sweet bait that we lay for it.

[Approaching the bower.
No, truly, Ursula, she is too disdainful;
I know her spirits are as coy and wild
As haggerds of the rock.

Urs. But are you sure
That Benedick loves Beatrice so entirely?

Hero. So says the prince and my new-trothed lord.

Urs. And did they bid you tell her of it, madam?

Hero. They did entreat me to acquaint her of it;
But I persuaded them, if they loved Benedick,
To wish him wrestle with affection,
And never to let Beatrice know of it.

Urs. Why did you so? Doth not the gentleman
Deserve as full as fortunate a bed
As ever Beatrice shall couch upon?

Hero. O god of love! I know he doth deserve
As much as may be yielded to a man:
But Nature never framed a woman's heart
Of prouder stuff than that of Beatrice;
Disdain and scorn ride sparkling in her eyes,
Misprising what they look on; and her wit
Values itself so highly, that to her
All matter else seems weak: she cannot love,
Nor take no shape nor project of affection,  
She is so self-endeared.

_Urs._  
Sure, I think so;  
And therefore certainly it were not good  
She knew his love, lest she make sport at it.

_Hero._  
Why, you speak truth. I never yet saw man,  
How wise, how noble, young, how rarely featured,  
But she would spell him backward: if fair-faced,  
She would swear the gentleman should be her sister;  
If black, why, Nature, drawing of an antique,  
Made a foul blot; if tall, a lance ill-headed;  
If low, an agate very vilely cut;  
If speaking, why, a vane blown with all winds;  
If silent, why, a block moved with none.  
So turns she every man the wrong side out;  
And never gives to truth and virtue that  
Which simpleness and merit purchaseth.

_Urs._  
Sure, sure, such carping is not commendable.

_Hero._  
No, not to be so odd, and from all fashions,  
As Beatrice is, cannot be commendable:  
But who dare tell her so? If I should speak,  
She would mock me into air; O, she would laugh me  
Out of myself, press me to death with wit!  
Therefore let Benedick, like cover'd fire,  
Consume away in sighs, waste inwardly:
It were a better death than die with mocks,
Which is as bad as die with tickling.

_Urs._ Yet tell her of it: hear what she will say.

_Hero._ No; rather I will go to Benedick,
And counsel him to fight against his passion.
And, truly, I 'll devise some honest slanders
To stain my cousin with: one doth not know
How much an ill word may empoison liking.

_Urs._ O, do not do your cousin such a wrong!
She cannot be so much without true judgement,—
Having so swift and excellent a wit
As she is prized to have,—as to refuse
So rare a gentleman as Signior Benedick.

_Hero._ He is the only man of Italy,
Always excepted my dear Claudio.

_Urs._ I pray you, be not angry with me, madam,
Speaking my fancy: Signior Benedick,
For shape, for bearing, argument and valour,
Goes foremost in report through Italy.

_Hero._ Indeed, he hath an excellent good name.

_Urs._ His excellence did earn it, ere he had it.
When are you married, madam?

_Hero._ Why, every day, to-morrow. Come, go in:
I 'll show thee some attires; and have thy counsel
Which is the best to furnish me to-morrow.
Act III. Sc. ii.

Urs. She's limed, I warrant you: we have caught her, madam.

Hero. If it prove so, then loving goes by haps:
Some Cupid kills with arrows, some with traps.

[Exeunt Hero and Ursula.

Beat. [Coming forward] What fire is in mine ears?
Can this be true?
Stand I condemn'd for pride and scorn so much?
Contempt, farewell! and maiden pride, adieu!
No glory lives behind the back of such.

And, Benedick, love on; I will requite thee,
Taming my wild heart to thy loving hand:
If thou dost love, my kindness shall incite thee
To bind our loves up in a holy band;
For others say thou dost deserve, and I
Believe it better than reportingly.

[Exit.

Scene II.

A room in Leonato's house.

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, and Leonato.

D. Pedro. I do but stay till your marriage be consummate, and then go I toward Arragon.

Claud. I'll bring you thither, my lord, if you'll vouchsafe me.
D. Pedro. Nay, that would be as great a soil in the new gloss of your marriage, as to show a child his new coat and forbid him to wear it. I will only be bold with Benedick for his company; for, from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot, he is all mirth: he hath twice or thrice cut Cupid’s bow-string, and the little hangman dare not shoot at him; he hath a heart as sound as a bell, and his tongue is the clapper, for what his heart thinks his tongue speaks.

Bene. Gallants, I am not as I have been.
Leon. So say I: methinks you are sadder.
Claud. I hope he be in love.
D. Pedro. Hang him, truant! there’s no true drop of blood in him, to be truly touched with love; if he be sad, he wants money.
Bene. I have the toothache.
D. Pedro. Draw it.
Bene. Hang it!
Claud. You must hang it first, and draw it afterwards.
D. Pedro. What! sigh for the toothache?
Leon. Where is but a humour or a worm.
Bene. Well, every one can master a grief but he that has it.
Act III. Sc. ii.

Claud. Yet say I, he is in love.

D. Pedro. There is no appearance of fancy in him, unless it be a fancy that he hath to strange disguises; as, to be a Dutchman to-day, a Frenchman to-morrow; or in the shape of two countries at once, as, a German from the waist downward, all slops, and a Spaniard from the hip upward, no doublet. Unless he have a fancy to this foolery, as it appears he hath, he is no fool for fancy, as you would have it appear he is.

Claud. If he be not in love with some woman, there is no believing old signs: a' brushes his hat o' mornings; what should that bode?

D. Pedro. Hath any man seen him at the barber's?

Claud. No, but the barber's man hath been seen with him; and the old ornament of his cheek hath already stuffed tennis-balls.

Leon. Indeed, he looks younger than he did, by the loss of a beard.

D. Pedro. Nay, a' rubs himself with civet: can you smell him out by that?

Claud. That's as much as to say, the sweet youth's in love.

D. Pedro. The greatest note of it is his melancholy.
 Claud. And when was he wont to wash his face?
D. Pedro. Yea, or to paint himself? for the which, I hear what they say of him.
Claud. Nay, but his jesting spirit; which is now crept into a lute-string, and now governed by stops.
D. Pedro. Indeed, that tells a heavy tale for him: conclude, conclude he is in love.
Claud. Nay, but I know who loves him.
D. Pedro. That would I know too: I warrant, one that knows him not.
Claud. Yes, and his ill conditions; and, in despite of all, dies for him.
D. Pedro. She shall be buried with her face upwards.
Bene. Yet is this no charm for the toothache. Old signior, walk aside with me: I have studied eight or nine wise words to speak to you, which these hobby-horses must not hear.

[Exeunt Benedick and Leonato]

D. Pedro. For my life, to break with him about Beatrice.
Claud. 'Tis even so. Hero and Margaret have by this played their parts with Beatrice; and then
the two bears will not bite one another when they meet.

Enter Don John.

D. John. My lord and brother, God save you!
D. Pedro. Good den, brother.
D. John. If your leisure served, I would speak with you.
D. Pedro. In private
D. John. If it please you: yet Count Claudio may hear; for what I would speak of concerns him.
D. Pedro. What's the matter?
D. John. [To Claudio] Means your lordship to be married to-morrow?
D. Pedro. You know he does.
D. John. I know not that, when he knows what I know.
Claud. If there be any impediment, I pray you discover it.
D. John. You may think I love you not: let that appear hereafter, and aim better at me by that I now will manifest. For my brother, I think he holds you well, and in dearness of heart hath holp to effect your ensuing marriage,—surely suit ill spent and labour ill bestowed.
D. Pedro. Why, what's the matter?
D. John. I came hither to tell you; and, circumstances shortened, for she has been too long a talking of, the lady is disloyal.
Claud. Who, Hero?
D. John. Even she; Leonato's Hero, your Hero, every man's Hero.
Claud. Disloyal?
D. John. The word is too good to paint out her wickedness; I could say she were worse think you of a worse title, and I will fit her to it. Wonder not till further warrant: go but with me to-night, you shall see her chamber-window entered, even the night before her wedding-day: if you love her then, to-morrow wed her; but it would better fit your honour to change your mind.
Claud. May this be so?
D. Pedro. I will not think it.
D. John. If you dare not trust that you see, confess not that you know: if you will follow me, I will show you enough; and when you have seen more, and heard more, proceed accordingly.
Claud. If I see any thing to-night why I should not marry her to-morrow, in the congregation, where I should wed, there will I shame her.
D. Pedro. And, as I wooed for thee to obtain her, I will join with thee to disgrace her.

D. John. I will disparage her no farther till you are my witnesses: bear it coldly but till midnight, and let the issue show itself.

D. Pedro. O day untowardly turned!
Claud. O mischief strangely thwarting!
D. John. O plague right well prevented! so will you say when you have seen the sequel. [Exeunt.

Scene III

A street.

Enter Dogberry and Verges with the Watch.

Dog. Are you good men and true?
Verg. Yea, or else it were pity but they should suffer salvation, body and soul.
Dog. Nay, that were a punishment too good for them, if they should have any allegiance in them, being chosen for the prince's watch.
Verg. Well, give them their charge, neighbour Dogberry.
Dog. First, who think you the most desertless man to be constable?
First Watch. Hugh Otecake, sir, or George Seacole; for they can write and read.

Dog. Come hither, neighbour Seacole. God hath blessed you with a good name: to be a well-favoured man is the gift of fortune; but to write and read comes by nature.

Sec. Watch. Both which, master constable,—

Dog. You have: I knew it would be your answer. Well, for your favour, sir, why, give God thanks, and make no boast of it; and for your writing and reading, let that appear when there is no need of such vanity. You are thought here to be the most senseless and fit man for the constable of the watch; therefore bear you the lantern. This is your charge: you shall comprehend all vagrom men; you are to bid any man stand, in the prince’s name.

Sec. Watch. How if a’ will not stand?

Dog. Why, then, take no note of him, but let him go; and presently call the rest of the watch together, and thank God you are rid of a knave.

Verg. If he will not stand when he is bidden, he is none of the prince’s subjects.

Dog. True, and they are to meddle with none but the prince’s subjects. You shall also make no
noise in the streets; for for the watch to babble
and to talk is most tolerable and not to be en-
dured.

_Watch._ We will rather sleep than talk: we know
what belongs to a watch.

_Dog._ Why, you speak like an ancient and most
quiet watchman; for I cannot see how sleeping
should offend: only, have a care that your bills
be not stolen. Well, you are to call at all
the ale-houses, and bid those that are drunk
get them to bed.

_Watch._ How if they will not?

_Dog._ Why, then, let them alone till they are
sober: if they make you not then the better
answer, you may say they are not the men you
took them for.

_Watch._ Well, sir.

_Dog._ If you meet a thief, you may suspect him,
by virtue of your office, to be no true man; and,
for such kind of men, the less you meddle or
make with them, why, the more is for your honesty.

_Watch._ If we know him to be a thief, shall we not
lay hands on him?

_Dog._ Truly, by your office, you may; but I think
they that touch pitch will be defiled: the most
peaceable way for you, if you do take a thief, is to let him show himself what he is, and steal out of your company.

Verg. You have been always called a merciful man, partner.

Dog. Truly, I would not hang a dog by my will, much more a man who hath any honesty in him.

Verg. If you hear a child crying in the night, you must call to the nurse and bid her still it.

Watch. How if the nurse be asleep and will not hear us?

Dog. Why, then, depart in peace, and let the child wake her with crying; for the ewe that will not hear her lamb when it baes will never answer a calf when he bleats.

Verg. 'Tis very true.

Dog. This is the end of the charge:—you, constable, are to present the prince's own person; if you meet the prince in the night, you may stay him.

Verg. Nay, by'r lady, that I think a' cannot.

Dog. Five shillings to one on't, with any man that knows the statues, he may stay him:
marry, not without the prince be willing; for, indeed, the watch ought to offend no man; and it is an offence to stay a man against his will.

Verg. By 'r lady, I think it be so.

Dog. Ha, ah, ha! Well, masters, good night: an there be any matter of weight chances, call up me: keep your fellows' counsels and your own; and good night. Come, neighbour.

Watch. Well, masters, we hear our charge: let us go sit here upon the church-bench till two, and then all to bed.

Dog. One word more, honest neighbours. I pray you, watch about Signior Leonato's door; for the wedding being there to-morrow, there is a great coil to-night. Adieu: be vigilant, I beseech you. [Exeunt Dogberry and Verges.

Enter Borachio and Conrade.

Bora. What, Conrade!

Watch. [Aside] Peace! stir not.

Bora. Conrade, I say!

Con. Here, man; I am at thy elbow.

Bora. Mass, and my elbow itched; I thought there would a scab follow.

Con. I will owe thee an answer for that: and now forward with thy tale.
about Nothing

**Act III. Sc. iii.**

*Bora.* Stand thee close, then, under this pent-house, for it drizzles rain; and I will, like a true drunkard, utter all to thee.


*Bora.* Therefore know I have earned of Don John a thousand ducats.

*Con.* Is it possible that any villany should be so dear?

*Bora.* Thou shouldst rather ask, if it were possible any villany should be so rich; for when rich villains have need of poor ones, poor ones may make what price they will.

*Con.* I wonder at it.

*Bora.* That shows thou art unconfirmed. Thou knowest that the fashion of a doublet, or a hat, or a cloak, is nothing to a man.

*Con.* Yes, it is apparel.

*Bora.* I mean, the fashion.

*Con.* Yes, the fashion is the fashion.

*Bora.* Tush! I may as well say the fool's the fool. But seest thou not what a deformed thief this fashion is?

*Watch.* [Aside] I know that Deformed; a' has been a vile thief this seven year; a' goes up
and down like a gentleman: I remember his name.

Bora. Didst thou not hear somebody?

Con. No; 'twas the vane on the house

Bora. Seest thou not, I say, what a deformed thief this fashion is? how giddily a' turns about all the hot bloods between fourteen and five-and-thirty? sometimes fashioning them like Pharaoh's soldiers in the reechy painting, sometime like god Bel's priests in the old church-window, sometime like the shaven Hercules in the smirched worm-eaten tapestry, where his codpiece seems as massy as his club?

Con. All this I see; and I see that the fashion wears out more apparel than the man. But art not thou thyself giddy with the fashion too, that thou has shifted out of thy tale into telling me of the fashion?

Bora. Not so, neither: but know that I have tonight wooed Margaret, the Lady Hero's gentlewoman, by the name of Hero: she leans me out her at mistress' chamber-window, bids me a thousand times good night,—I tell this tale vilely:—I should first tell thee how the prince, Claudio and my master, planted and placed and
possessed by my master Don John, saw afar off in the orchard this amiable encounter.

Con. And thought they Margaret was Hero?

Bora. Two of them did, the prince and Claudio; but the devil my master knew she was Margaret; and partly by his oaths, which first possessed them, partly by the dark night, which did deceive them, but chiefly by my villany, which did confirm any slander that Don John had made, away went Claudio enraged; swore he would meet her, as he was appointed, next morning at the temple, and there, before the whole congregation, shame her with what he saw o'er night, and send her home again without a husband.

First Watch. We charge you, in the prince's name, stand!

Sec. Watch. Call up the right master constable. We have here recovered the most dangerous piece of lechery that ever was known in the commonwealth.

First Watch. And one Deformed is one of them: I know him; a' wears a lock.

Con. Masters, masters,—
Sec. Watch. You'll be made bring Deformed forth, 
I warrant you.
Con. Masters,—
First Watch. Never speak: we charge you let us 
obey you to go with us.
Bora. We are like to prove a goodly commodity, 190 
being taken up of these men's bills.
Con. A commodity in question, I warrant you. 
Come, we 'll obey you. 

[Exeunt.

Scene IV.

Hero's apartment.

Enter Hero, Margaret, and Ursula.

Hero. Good Ursula, wake my cousin Beatrice, and 
desire her to rise.
Urs. I will, lady.
Hero. And bid her come hither.
Urs. Well.

Marg. Troth, I think your other rabato were better.
Hero. No, pray thee, good Meg, I 'll wear this.
Marg. By my troth 's not so good; and I warrant your cousin will say so.
Hero. My cousin’s a fool, and thou art another: I ’ll wear none but this.

Marg. I like the new tire within excellently, if the hair were a thought browner; and your gown’s a most rare fashion, i’ faith. I saw the Duchess of Milan’s gown that they praise so.

Hero. O, that exceeds, they say.

Marg. By my troth ’s but a night-gown in respect of yours,—cloth o’ gold, and cuts, and laced with silver, set with pearls, down sleeves, side sleeves, and skirts, round underborne with a bluish tinsel: but for a fine, quaint, graceful and excellent fashion, yours is worth ten on ’t.

Hero. God give me joy to wear it! for my heart is exceeding heavy.

Marg. ’Twill be heavier soon by the weight of a man.

Hero. Fie upon thee! art not ashamed?

Marg. Of what, lady? of speaking honourably? Is not marriage honourable in a beggar? Is not your lord honourable without marriage? I think you would have me say, ‘saving your reverence, a husband’: an bad thinking do not wrest true speaking, I ’ll offend nobody: is there any harm in ‘the heavier for a husband’? None, I think,
an it be the right husband and the right wife; otherwise 'tis light, and not heavy: ask my Lady Beatrice else; here she comes.

Enter Beatrice.

**Hero.** Good morrow, coz.

**Beat.** Good morrow, sweet Hero.

**Hero.** Why, how now? do you speak in the sick tune?

**Beat.** I am out of all other tune, methinks.

**Marg.** Clap 's into 'Light o' love;' that goes without a burden: do you sing it, and I'll dance it.

**Beat.** Ye light o' love, with your heels! then, if your husband have stables enough, you'll see he shall lack no barns.

**Marg.** O illegitimate construction! I scorn that with my heels.

**Beat.** 'Tis almost five o'clock, cousin; 'tis time you were ready. By my troth, I am exceeding ill: heigh-ho!

**Marg.** For a hawk, a horse, or a husband?

**Beat.** For the letter that begins them all, H.

**Marg.** Well, an you be not turned Turk, there's no more sailing by the star.
Beat. What means the fool, trow?
Marg. Nothing I; but God send every one their heart's desire!
Hero. These gloves the count sent me; they are an excellent perfume.
Beat. I am stuffed, cousin; I cannot smell.
Marg. A maid, and stuffed! there's goodly catching of cold.
Beat. O, God help me! God help me! how long have you professed apprehension?
Marg. Ever since you left it. Doth not my wit become me rarely?
Beat. It is not seen enough, you should wear it in your cap. By my troth, I am sick.
Marg. Get you some of this distilled Carduus Benedictus, and lay it to your heart: it is the only thing for a qualm.
Hero. There thou prickest her with a thistle.
Beat. Benedictus! why Benedictus? you have some moral in this Benedictus.
Marg. Moral! no, by my troth, I have no moral meaning; I meant, plain holy-thistle. You may think perchance that I think you are in love: nay, by 'r lady, I am not such a fool to think what I list; nor I list not to think what I can;
nor, indeed, I cannot think, if I would think my heart out of thinking, that you are in love, or that you will be in love, or that you can be in love. Yet Benedick was such another, and now is he become a man: he swore he would never marry; and yet now, in despite of his heart, he eats his meat without grudging: and how you may be converted, I know not; but methinks you look with your eyes as other women do.

Beat. What pace is this that thy tongue keeps?

Marg. Not a false gallop.

Re-enter Ursula.

Urs. Madam, withdraw: the prince, the count, Signior Benedick, Don John, and all the gallants of the town, are come to fetch you to church.

Hero. Help to dress me, good coz, good Meg, good Ursula.

[Exeunt.

Scene V.

Another room in Leonato's house.

Enter Leonato, with Dogberry and Verges.

Leon. What would you with me, honest neighbour?
Dog. Marry, sir, I would have some confidence with you that decerns you nearly.

Leon. Brief, I pray you; for you see it is a busy time with me.

Dog. Marry, this it is, sir.

Verg. Yes, in truth it is, sir.

Leon. What is it, my good friends?

Dog. Goodman Verges, sir, speaks a little off the matter: an old man, sir, and his wits are not so blunt as, God help, I would desire they were; but, in faith, honest as the skin between his brows.

Verg. Yes, I thank God I am as honest as any man living that is an old man and no honester than I.

Dog. Comparisons are odorous: palabras, neighbour Verges.

Leon. Neighbours, you are tedious.

Dog. It pleases your worship to say so, but we are the poor duke's officers; but truly, for mine own part, if I were as tedious as a king, I could find in my heart to bestow it all of your worship.

Leon. All thy tediousness on me, ah?

Dog. Yea, an 't were a thousand pound more than
'tis; for I hear as good exclamation on your worship as of any man in the city; and though I be but a poor man, I am glad to hear it.

_Verg._ And so am I.

_Leon._ I would fain know what you have to say.

_Verg._ Marry, sir, our watch to-night, excepting your worship's presence, ha' ta'en a couple of as arrant knaves as any in Messina.

_Dog._ A good old man, sir; he will be talking: as they say, When the age is in, the wit is out: God help us! it is a world to see. Well said, i' faith, neighbour Verges: well, God's a good man; an two men ride of a horse, one must ride behind. An honest soul, i' faith, sir; by my troth he is, as ever broke bread; but God is to be worshipped; all men are not alike; alas, good neighbour!

_Leon._ Indeed, neighbour, he comes too short of you.

_Dog._ Gifts that God gives.

_Leon._ I must leave you.

_Dog._ One word, sir: our watch, sir, have indeed comprehended two aspicious persons, and we would have them this morning examined before your worship.
Leon. Take their examination yourself, and bring it me: I am now in great haste, as it may appear unto you.

Dog. It shall be suffigance.

Leon. Drink some wine ere you go: fare you well.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, they stay for you to give your daughter to her husband.

Leon. I'll wait upon them: I am ready.

[Exeunt Leonato and Messenger.

Dog. Go, good partner, go, get you to Francis Seacole; bid him bring his pen and inkhorn to the gaol: we are now to examination these men

Verg. And we must do it wisely.

Dog. We will spare for no wit, I warrant you; here's that shall drive some of them to a noncome: only get the learned writer to set down our excommunication, and meet me at the gaol. [Exeunt.
Act Fourth.

Scene I.

A church.

Enter Don Pedro, Don John, Leonato, Friar Francis, Claudio, Benedick, Hero, Beatrice, and attendants.

Leon. Come, Friar Francis, be brief; only to the plain form of marriage, and you shall recount their particular duties afterwards.

Friar. You come hither, my lord, to marry this lady.

Claud. No.

Leon. To be married to her: friar, you come to marry her.

Friar. Lady, you come hither to be married to this count.

Hero. I do.

Friar. If either of you know any inward impediment why you should not be conjoined, I charge you, on your souls, to utter it.

Claud. Know you any, Hero?

Hero. None, my lord.
Friar. Know you any, count?
Leon. I dare make his answer, none.
Claud. O, what men dare do! what men may do! what men daily do, not knowing what they do!
Bene. How now! interjections? Why, then, some be of laughing, as, ah, ha, he!
Claud. Stand thee by, friar. Father, by your leave: Will you with free and unconstrained soul Give me this maid, your daughter?
Leon. As freely, son, as God did give her me.
Claud. And what have I to give you back, whose worth May counterpoise this rich and precious gift?
D. Pedro. Nothing, unless you render her again.
Claud. Sweet prince, you learn me noble thankfulness. There, Leonato, take her back again: Give not this rotten orange to your friend; She's but the sign and semblance of her honour. Behold how like a maid she blushes here! O, what authority and show of truth Can cunning sin cover itself withal! Comes not that blood as modest evidence To witness simple virtue? Would you not swear, All you that see her, that she were a maid, By these exterior shows? But she is none:
She knows the heat of a luxurious bed;
Her blush is guiltiness, not modesty.

**Leon.** What do you mean, my lord?

**Claud.** Not to be married,
Not to knit my soul to an approved wanton.

**Leon.** Dear my lord, if you, in your own proof,
Have vanquish'd the resistance of her youth,
And made defeat of her virginity,—

**Claud.** I know what you would say: if I have known her,
You will say she did embrace me as a husband,
And so extenuate the 'forehand sin:

No, Leonato,
I never tempted her with word too large;
But, as a brother to his sister, show'd
Bashful sincerity and comely love.

**Hero.** And seem'd I ever otherwise to you?

**Claud.** Out on thee! Seeming! I will write against it
You seem to me as Dian in her orb,
As chaste as is the bud ere it be blown;
But you are more intemperate in your blood
Than Venus, or those pamper'd animals
That rage in savage sensuality.

**Hero.** Is my lord well, that he doth speak so wide?

**Leon.** Sweet prince, why speak not you?

**D. Pedro.** What should I speak:
I stand dishonour'd, that have gone about
To link my dear friend to a common stale.

Leon. Are these things spoken, or do I but dream?
D. John. Sir, they are spoken, and these things are true.
Bene. This looks not like a nuptial.

Hero. True! O God!

Claud. Leonato, stand I here?
    Is this the prince? is this the prince's brother?
    Is this face Hero's? are our eyes our own?

Leon. All this is so: but what of this, my lord?

Claud. Let me but move one question to your daughter;
    And, by that fatherly and kindly power
    That you have in her, bid her answer truly.

Leon. I charge thee do so, as thou art my child.

Hero. O, God defend me! how am I beset!
    What kind of catechising call you this?

Claud. To make you answer truly to your name.

Hero. Is it not Hero? Who can blot that name
    With any just reproach?

Claud. Marry, that can Hero;
    Hero itself can blot out Hero's virtue.
    What man was he talk'd with you yesternight
    Out at your window betwixt twelve and one?
    Now, if you are a maid, answer to this.

Hero. I talk'd with no man at that hour, my lord.
Act IV. Sc. i.

D. Pedro. Why, then are you no maiden. Leonato, I am sorry you must hear: upon mine honour, Myself, my brother, and this grieved count Did see her, hear her, at that hour last night Talk with a ruffian at her chamber-window; Who hath indeed, most like a liberal villain, Confess’d the vile encounters they have had A thousand times in secret.

D. John. Fie, fie! they are not to be named, my lord, Not to be spoke of; There is not chastity enough in language, Without offence to utter them. Thus, pretty lady, I am sorry for thy much misgovernment.

Claud. O Hero, what a Hero hadst thou been, If half thy outward graces had been placed About thy thoughts and counsels of thy heart! But fare thee well, most foul, most fair! farewell, Thou pure impiety and impious purity! For thee I ’ll lock up all the gates of love, And on my eyelids shall conjecture hang, To turn all beauty into thoughts of harm, And never shall it more be gracious.

Leon. Hath no man’s dagger here a point for me? [Hero swoons.]

Beat. Why, how now, cousin! wherefore sink you down?
Act IV. Sc. i.

D. John. Come, let us go. These things, come thus to light,
Smother her spirits up.

[Exeunt Don Pedro, Don John, and Claudio.

Bene. How doth the lady?

Beat. Dead, I think. Help, uncle!

Hero! why, Hero! Uncle! Signior Benedick! Friar!

Leon. O Fate! take not away thy heavy hand.

Death is the fairest cover for her shame
That may be wish’d for.

Beat. How now, cousin Hero!

Friar. Have comfort, lady.

Leon. Dost thou look up?

Friar. Yea, wherefore should she not?

Leon. Wherefore! Why, doth not every earthly thing
Cry shame upon her? Could she here deny
The story that is printed in her blood?
Do not live, Hero; do not ope thine eyes:
For, did I think thou wouldst not quickly die,
Thought I thy spirits were stronger than thy shames,
Myself would, on the rearward of reproaches,
Strike at thy life. Grieved I, I had but one?
Chid I for that at frugal nature’s frame?
O, one too much by thee! Why had I one?
Why ever wast thou lovely in my eyes?
Why had I not with charitable hand
Took up a beggar's issue at my gates,
Who smirched thus and mired with infamy,
I might have said, 'No part of it is mine;
This shame derives itself from unknown loins'?
But mine, and mine I loved, and mine I praised,
And mine that I was proud on, mine so much
That I myself was to myself not mine,

Valuing of her,—why, she, O, she is fallen
Into a pit of ink, that the wide sea
Hath drops too few to wash her clean again,
And salt too little which may season give
To her foul-tainted flesh!

Bene. Sir, sir, be patient.

For my part, I am so attired in wonder,
I know not what to say.

Beat. O, on my soul, my cousin is belied!

Bene. Lady, were you her bedfellow last night?

Beat. No, truly, not; although, until last night,
I have this twelvemonth been her bedfellow.

Leon. Confirm'd, confirm'd! O, that is stronger made
Which was before barr'd up with ribs of iron!
Would the two princes lie, and Claudio lie,
Who loved her so, that, speaking of her foulness,
Wash'd it with tears? Hence from her! let her die.
Friar. Hear me a little;
For I have only been silent so long,
And given way unto this course of fortune,
By noting of the lady: I have mark'd
A thousand blushing apparitions
To start into her face; a thousand innocent shames
In angel whiteness beat away those blushes;
And in her eye there hath appear'd a fire,
To burn the errors that these princes hold
Against her maiden truth. Call me a fool;
Trust not my reading nor my observations,
Which with experimental seal doth warrant
The tenour of my book; trust not my age,
My reverence, calling, nor divinity,
If this sweet lady lie not guiltless here
Under some biting error.

Leon. Friar, it cannot be.
Thou seest that all the grace that she hath left
Is that she will not add to her damnation
A sin of perjury; she not denies it:
Why seek'st thou, then, to cover with excuse
That which appears in proper nakedness?

Friar. Lady, what man is he you are accused of?

Hero. They know that do accuse me; I know none:
If I know more of any man alive
Than that which maiden modesty doth warrant,
Let all my sins lack mercy! O my father,
Prove you that any man with me conversed
At hours unmeet, or that I yesternight
Maintain’d the change of words with any creature,
Refuse me, hate me, torture me to death!

*Friar.* There is some strange misprision in the princes.

*Bene.* Two of them have the very bent of honour;
And if their wisdoms be misled in this,
The practice of it lives in John the bastard,
Whose spirits toil in frame of villanies.

*Leon.* I know not. If they speak but truth of her,
These hands shall tear her; if they wrong her honour,
The proudest of them shall well hear of it.
Time hath not yet so dried this blood of mine,
Nor age so eat up my invention,
Nor fortune made such havoc of my means,
Nor my bad life reft me so much of friends,
But they shall find, awaked in such a kind,
Both strength of limb and policy of mind,
Ability in means and choice of friends,
To quit me of them thoroughly.

*Friar.* Pause awhile,
And let my counsel sway you in this case.
Your daughter here the princes left for dead:
Let her awhile be secretly kept in,
And publish it that she is dead indeed;
Maintain a mourning ostentation,
And on your family's old monument
Hang mournful epitaphs, and do all rites
That appertain unto a burial.

Leon. What shall become of this? what will this do?

Friar. Marry, this, well carried, shall on her behalf
Change slander to remorse; that is some good:
But not for that dream I on this strange course,
But on this travail look for greater birth.
She dying, as it must be so maintain'd,
Upon the instant that she was accused,
Shall be lamented, pitied, and excused
Of every hearer: for it so falls out,
That what we have we prize not to the worth
While we enjoy it; but being lack'd and lost,
Why, then we rack the value, then we find
The virtue that possession would not show us
While it was ours. So will it fare with Claudio:
When he shall hear she died upon his words,
The idea of her life shall sweetly creep
Into his study of imagination;
And every lovely organ of her life
Shall come apparell'd in more precious habit,
More moving-delicate and full of life,
Into the eye and prospect of his soul,
Than when she lived indeed; then shall he mourn,
If ever love had interest in his liver,
And wish he had not so accused her,
No, though he thought his accusation true.
Let this be so, and doubt not but success
Will fashion the event in better shape
Than I can lay it down in likelihood.
But if all aim but this be levell'd false,
The supposition of the lady's death
Will quench the wonder of her infamy:
And if it sort not well, you may conceal her,
As best befits her wounded reputation,
In some reclusive and religious life,
Out of all eyes, tongues, minds, and injuries.

_Bene._ Signior Leonato, let the friar advise you:
And though you know my inwardness and love
Is very much unto the prince and Claudio,
Yet, by mine honour, I will deal in this
As secretly and justly as your soul
Should with your body.

_Leon._ Being that I flow in grief,
The smallest twine may lead me.

_Friar._ 'Tis well consented: presently away;
For to strange sores strangely they strain the cure.
Come, lady, die to live: this wedding-day
Perhaps is but prolong'd: have patience and en-
dure.  [Exeunt all but Benedick and Beatrice.

Bene. Lady Beatrice, have you wept all this while?
Beat. Yea, and I will weep a while longer.
Bene. I will not desire that.
Beat. You have no reason; I do it freely.
Bene. Surely I do believe your fair cousin is
wronged.
Beat. Ah, how much might the man deserve of me
that would right her!
Bene. Is there any way to show such friendship?
Beat. A very even way, but no such friend.
Bene. May a man do it?
Beat. It is a man's office, but not yours.
Bene. I do love nothing in the world so well as you:
is not that strange?
Beat. As strange as the thing I know not. It were
as possible for me to say I loved nothing so well
as you: but believe me not; and yet I lie not;
I confess nothing, nor I deny nothing. I am
sorry for my cousin.
Bene. By my sword, Beatrice, thou lovest me.
Beat. Do not swear, and eat it.
Bene. I will swear by it that you love me; and I will make him eat it that says I love not you.

Beat. Will you not eat your word? 280
Bene. With no sauce that can be devised to it. I protest I love thee.

Beat. Why, then, God forgive me!
Bene. What offence, sweet Beatrice?
Beat. You have stayed me in a happy hour: I was about to protest I loved you.

Bene. And do it with all thy heart.

Beat. I love you with so much of my heart, that none is left to protest.

Bene. Come, bid me do any thing for thee. 290
Beat. Kill Claudio.

Bene. Ha! not for the wide world.
Beat. You kill me to deny it. Farewell.
Bene. Tarry, sweet Beatrice.
Beat. I am gone, though I am here: there is no love in you: nay, I pray you, let me go.

Bene. Beatrice,—
Beat. In faith, I will go.
Bene. We'll be friends first.

Beat. You dare easier be friends with me than fight with mine enemy.

Bene. Is Claudio thine enemy?
Beat. Is he not approved in the height a villain, that hath slandered, scorned, dishonoured my kinswoman? O that I were a man! What, bear her in hand until they come to take hands; and then, with public accusation, uncovered slander, unmitigated rancour,—O God, that I were a man! I would eat his heart in the market-place.

Bene. Hear me, Beatrice,—

Beat. Talk with a man out at a window! A proper saying!

Bene. Nay, but, Beatrice,—

Beat. Sweet Hero! She is wronged, she is slandered, she is undone.

Bene. Beat—

Beat. Princes and counties! Surely, a princely testimony, a goodly count, Count Comfect; a sweet gallant, surely! O that I were a man for his sake! or that I had any friend would be a man for my sake! But manhood is melted into courtesies, valour into compliment, and men are only turned into tongue, and trim ones too: he is now as valiant as Hercules that only tells a lie, and swears it. I cannot be a man with wishing, therefore I will die a woman with grieving.

Bene. Tarry, good Beatrice. By this hand, I love thee.
Beat. Use it for my love some other way than swearing by it.

Bene. Think you in your soul the Count Claudio hath wronged Hero?

Beat. Yea, as sure as I have a thought or a soul.

Bene. Enough, I am engaged; I will challenge him. I will kiss your hand, and so I leave you. By this hand, Claudio shall render me a dear account. As you hear of me, so think of me. Go, comfort your cousin: I must say she is dead: and so, farewell. [Exeunt.

Scene II.

A prison.

Enter Dogberry, Verges, and Sexton, in gowns; and the Watch, with Conrade and Borachio.

Dog. Is our whole disassembly appeared?

Verg. O, a stool and a cushion for the sexton.

Sex. Which be the malefactors?

Dog. Marry, that am I and my partner.

Verg. Nay, that's certain; we have the exhibition to examine.
Sex. But which are the offenders that are to be examined? let them come before master constable.

Dog. Yea, marry, let them come before me. What is your name, friend?

Bora. Borachio.

Dog. Pray, write down, Borachio. Yours, sirrah?

Con. I am a gentleman, sir, and my name is Conrade.

Dog. Write down, master gentleman Conrade. Masters, do you serve God?

Con. Yea, sir, we hope.

Bora. Yea, sir, we hope.

Dog. Write down, that they hope they serve God: and write God first; for God defend but God should go before such villains! Masters, it is proved already that you are little better than false knaves; and it will go near to be thought so shortly. How answer you for yourselves?

Con. Marry, sir, we say we are none.

Dog. A marvellous witty fellow, I assure you; but I will go about with him. Come you hither, sirrah; a word in your ear: sir, I say to you, it is thought you are false knaves.
Act IV. Sc. ii.

**Bora.** Sir, I say to you we are none.

**Dog.** Well, stand aside. 'Fore God, they are both in a tale. Have you writ down, that they are none?

**Sex.** Master Constable, you go not the way to examine: you must call forth the watch that are their accusers.

**Dog.** Yea, marry, that's the eftest way. Let the watch come forth. Masters, I charge you, in the prince's name, accuse these men.

**First Watch.** This man said, sir, that Don John, the prince's brother, was a villain.

**Dog.** Write down, Prince John a villain. Why, this is flat perjury, to call a prince's brother villain.

**Bora.** Master Constable,—

**Dog.** Pray thee, fellow, peace: I do not like thy look, I promise thee.

**Sex.** What heard you him say else?

**Sec. Watch.** Marry, that he had received a thousand ducats of Don John for accusing the Lady Hero wrongfully.

**Dog.** Flat burglary as ever was committed.

**Verg.** Yea, by mass, that it is.

**Sex.** What else, fellow?

**First Watch.** And that Count Claudio did mean, upon
his words, to disgrace Hero before the whole assembly, and not marry her.

Dog. O villain! thou wilt be condemned into everlasting redemption for this.

Sex. What else?

Watch. This is all.

Sex. And this is more, masters, than you can deny. Prince John is this morning secretly stolen away; Hero was in this manner accused, in this very manner refused, and upon the grief of this suddenly died. Master constable, let these men be bound, and brought to Leonato's: I will go before and show him their examination. [Exit.

Dog. Come, let them be opinioned.

Verg. Let them be in the hands—

Con. Off, coxcomb!

Dog. God's my life, where's the sexton? let him write down, the prince's officer, coxcomb. Come, bind them. Thou naughty varlet!

Con. Away! you are an ass, you are an ass.

Dog. Dost thou not suspect my place? dost thou not suspect my years? O that he were here to write me down an ass! But, masters, remember that I am an ass; though it be not written down, yet forget not that I am an ass. No, thou vil-
lain, thou art full of piety, as shall be proved upon thee by good witness. I am a wise fellow; and, which is more, an officer; and, which is more, a householder; and, which is more, as pretty a piece of flesh as any is in Messina; and one that knows the law, go to; and a rich fellow enough, go to; and a fellow that hath had losses; and one that hath two gowns, and every thing handsome about him. Bring him away. O that I had been writ down an ass! [Exeunt. 90

Act Fifth.

Scene I.

Before Leonato's house.

Enter Leonato and Antonio.

Ant. If you go on thus, you will kill yourself; And 'tis not wisdom thus to second grief Against yourself.

Leon. I pray thee, cease thy counsel, Which falls into mine ears as profitless As water in a sieve: give not me counsel;
Nor let no comforter delight mine ear
But such a one whose wrongs do suit with mine.
Bring me a father that so loved his child,
Whose joy of her is overwhelm'd like mine,
And bid him speak of patience;
Measure his woe the length and breadth of mine,
And let it answer every strain for strain,
As thus for thus, and such a grief for such,
In every lineament, branch, shape, and form:
If such a one will smile, and stroke his beard,
Bid sorrow wag, cry 'hem!' when he should groan,
Patch grief with proverbs, make misfortune drunk
With candle-wasters; bring him yet to me,
And I of him will gather patience.
But there is no such man: for, brother, men
Can counsel and speak comfort to that grief
Which they themselves not feel; but, tasting it,
Their counsel turns to passion, which before
Would give preceptial medicine to rage,
Fetter strong madness in a silken thread,
Charm ache with air, and agony with words:
No, no; 'tis all men's office to speak patience
To those that wring under the load of sorrow,
But no man's virtue nor sufficiency,
To be so moral when he shall endure
Act V. Sc. i.

The like himself. Therefore give me no counsel: My griefs cry louder than advertisement.

Ant. Therein do men from children nothing differ.

Leon. I pray thee, peace. I will be flesh and blood; For there was never yet philosopher That could endure the toothache patiently, However they have writ the style of gods, And made a push at chance and sufferance.

Ant. Yet bend not all the harm upon yourself; Make those that do offend you suffer too.

Leon. There thou speak'st reason: nay, I will do so. My soul doth tell me Hero is belied; And that shall Claudio know; so shall the prince, And all of them that thus dishonour her.

Ant. Here comes the prince and Claudio hastily.

Enter Don Pedro and Claudio.

D. Pedro. Good den, good den.
Claud. Good day to both of you.
Leon. Hear you, my lords,—

D. Pedro. We have some haste, Leonato.
Leon. Some haste, my lord! well, fare you well, my lord: Are you so hasty now? well, all is one.

D. Pedro. Nay, do not quarrel with us, good old man. 50
Ant. If he could right himself with quarrelling,
Some of us would lie low.

Claud. Who wrongs him:

Leon. Marry, thou dost wrong me, thou dissembler, thou:—
Nay, never lay thy hand upon thy sword;
I fear thee not.

Claud. Marry, beshrew my hand,
If it should give your age such cause of fear:
In faith, my hand meant nothing to my sword.

Leon. Tush, tush, man; never fleer and jest at me:
I speak not like a dotard nor a fool,
As, under privilege of age, to brag

What I have done being young, or what would do,
Were I not old. Know, Claudio, to thy head,
Thou hast so wrong'd mine innocent child and me,
That I am forced to lay my reverence by,
And, with grey hairs and bruise of many days,
Do challenge thee to trial of a man.
I say thou hast belied mine innocent child;
Thy slander hath gone through and through her heart,
And she lies buried with her ancestors;
O, in a tomb where never scandal slept,

Save this of hers, framed by thy villany!

Claud. My villany?

Leon. Thine, Claudio; thine, I say.
D. Pedro. You say not right, old man.

Leon. My lord, my lord,

I'll prove it on his body, if he dare,
Despite his nice fence and his active practice,
His May of youth and bloom of lustihood.

Claud. Away! I will not have to do with you.

Leon. Canst thou so dauff me? Thou hast kill'd my child.
If thou kill'st me, boy, thou shalt kill a man.

Ant. He shall kill two of us, and men indeed:
But that's no matter; let him kill one first;
Win me and wear me; let him answer me.
Come, follow me, boy; come, sir boy, come, follow me:
Sir boy, I'll whip you from your foining fence;
Nay, as I am a gentleman, I will.

Leon. Brother,—

Ant. Content yourself. God knows I loved my niece;
And she is dead, slander'd to death by villains,
That dare as well answer a man indeed
As I dare take a serpent by the tongue:
Boys, apes, braggarts, Jacks, milksops!

Leon. Brother Antony,—

Ant. Hold you content. What, man! I know them, yea,
And what they weigh, even to the utmost scruple,—
Scambling, out-facing, fashion-monging boys,
That lie, and cog, and flout, deprave, and slander,
Go antiquely, and show outward hideousness,
And speak off half a dozen dangerous words,
How they might hurt their enemies, if they durst;
And this is all.

Leon. But, brother Antony,—

Ant. Come, 'tis no matter: do not you meddle; let me deal in this.

D. Pedro. Gentlemen both, we will not wake your patience.
My heart is sorry for your daughter's death:
But, on my honour, she was charged with nothing
But what was true, and very full of proof.

Leon. My lord, my lord,—

D. Pedro. I will not hear you.

Leon. No? Come, brother; away! I will be heard.

Ant. And shall, or some of us will smart for it.

[Exeunt Leonato and Antonio.

D. Pedro. See, see; here comes the man we went to seek.

Enter Benedick.

Claud. Now, signior, what news?

Bene. Good day, my lord.

D. Pedro. Welcome, signior: you are almost come
to part almost a fray.
Claud. We had like to have had our two noses snapped off with two old men without teeth.

D. Pedro. Leonato and his brother. What thinkest thou? Had we fought, I doubt we should have been too young for them.

Bene. In a false quarrel there is no true valour. I came to seek you both.

Claud. We have been up and down to seek thee; for we are high-proof melancholy, and would fain have it beaten away. Wilt thou use thy wit?

Bene. It is in my scabbard: shall I draw it?

D. Pedro. Dost thou wear thy wit by thy side?

Claud. Never any did so, though very many have been beside their wit. I will bid thee draw, as we do the minstrels; draw, to pleasure us.

D. Pedro. As I am an honest man, he looks pale. Art thou sick, or angry?

Claud. What, courage, man! What though care killed a cat, thou hast mettle enough in thee to kill care.

Bene. Sir, I shall meet your wit in the career, an you charge it against me. I pray you choose another subject.

Claud. Nay, then, give him another staff: this last was broke cross.
D. Pedro. By this light, he changes more and more: I think he be angry indeed.

Claud. If he be, he knows how to turn his girdle.

Bene. Shall I speak a word in your ear?

Claud. God bless me from a challenge!

Bene. [Aside to Claudio] You are a villain; I jest not: I will make it good how you dare, with what you dare, and when you dare. Do me right, or I will protest your cowardice. You have killed a sweet lady, and her death shall fall heavy on you. Let me hear from you.

Claud. Well, I will meet you, so I may have good cheer.

D. Pedro. What, a feast, a feast?

Claud. I' faith, I thank him; he hath bid me to a calf's-head and a capon; the which if I do not carve most curiously, say my knife's naught. Shall I not find a woodcock too?

Bene. Sir, your wit ambles well; it goes easily.

D. Pedro. I'll tell thee how Beatrice praised thy wit the other day. I said, thou hadst a fine wit: 'True,' said she, 'a fine little one.' 'No,' said I, 'a great wit.' 'Right,' says she, 'a great gross one.' 'Nay,' said I, 'a good wit.' 'Just,' said
she, 'it hurts nobody.' 'Nay,' said I, 'the gentleman is wise:' 'Certain,' said she, 'a wise gentleman.' 'Nay,' said I, 'he hath the tongues:' 'That I believe,' said she, 'for he swore a thing to me on Monday night, which he forswore on Tuesday morning; there's a double tongue; there's two tongues.' Thus did she, an hour together, trans-shape thy particular virtues: yet at last she concluded with a sigh, thou wast the properest man in Italy.

Claud. For the which she wept heartily, and said she cared not.

D. Pedro. Yea, that she did; but yet, for all that, an if she did not hate him deadly, she would love him dearly: the old man's daughter told us all.

Claud. All, all; and, moreover, God saw him when he was hid in the garden.

D. Pedro. But when shall we set the savage bull's horns on the sensible Benedick's head?

Claud. Yea, and text underneath, 'Here dwells Benedick the married man'?

Bene. Fare you well, boy: you know my mind. I will leave you now to your gossip-like humour: you break jests as braggarts do their blades,
which, God be thanked, hurt not. My lord, I thank you: I must discontinue your company: your brother the bastard is fled from Messina: you have among you killed a sweet and innocent lady. For my Lord Lackbeard there, he and I shall meet: and till then peace be with him. [Exit.

D. Pedro. He is in earnest.

Claud. In most profound earnest; and, I'll warrant you, for the love of Beatrice.

D. Pedro. And hath challenged thee.

Claud. Most sincerely.

D. Pedro. What a pretty thing man is when he goes in his doublet and hose, and leaves off his wit!

Claud. He is then a giant to an ape: but then is an ape a doctor to such a man.

D. Pedro. But, soft you, let me be: pluck up, my heart, and be sad. Did he not say, my brother was fled?

Enter Dogberry, Verges, and the Watch, with Conradé and Borachio.

Dog. Come, you, sir: if justice cannot tame you, she shall ne'er weigh more reasons in her balance.
nay, an you be a cursing hypocrite once, you must be looked to.

_D. Pedro._ How now? two of my brother's men bound! Borachio one!

_Claud._ Hearken after their offence, my lord.

_D. Pedro._ Officers, what offence have these men done?

_Dog._ Marry, sir, they have committed false report; moreover, they have spoken untruths; secondarily, they are slanders; sixth and lastly, they have belied a lady; thirdly, they have verified unjust things; and, to conclude, they are lying knaves.

_D. Pedro._ First, I ask thee what they have done; thirdly, I ask thee what's their offence; sixth and lastly, why they are committed; and, to conclude, what you lay to their charge.

_Claud._ Rightly reasoned, and in his own division; and, by my troth, there's one meaning well suited.

_D. Pedro._ Who have you offended, masters, that you are thus bound to your answer? this learned constable is too cunning to be understood: what's your offence?

_Bora._ Sweet prince, let me go no farther to mine
answer: do you hear me, and let this count kill me. I have deceived even your very eyes: what your wisdoms could not discover, these shallow fools have brought to light; who, in the night, overheard me confessing to this man, how Don John your brother incensed me to slander the Lady Hero; how you were brought into the orchard, and saw me court Margaret in Hero’s garments: how you disgraced her, when you should marry her: my villany they have upon record; which I had rather seal with my death than repeat over to my shame. The lady is dead upon mine and my master’s false accusation; and, briefly, I desire nothing but the reward of a villain.

D. Pedro. Runs not this speech like iron through your blood?

Claud. I have drunk poison whiles he utter’d it.

D. Pedro. But did my brother set thee on to this?

Bora. Yea, and paid me richly for the practice of it.

D. Pedro. He is composed and framed of treachery: And fled he is upon this villany.

Claud. Sweet Hero! now thy image doth appear In the rare semblance that I loved it first.
Dog. Come, bring away the plaintiffs: by this time our sexton hath reformed Signior Leonato of the matter: and, masters, do not forget to specify, when time and place shall serve, that I am an ass.

Verg. Here, here comes master Signior Leonato, and the sexton too.

Re-enter Leonato and Antonio, with the Sexton.

Leon. Which is the villain? let me see his eyes,
That, when I note another man like him,
I may avoid him: which of these is he?

Bora. If you would know your wronger, look on me.

Leon. Art thou the slave that with thy breath hast kill'd Mine innocent child?

Bora. Yea, even I alone.

Leon. No, not so, villain; thou beliest thyself:
Here stand a pair of honourable men;
A third is fled, that had a hand in it.
I thank you, princes, for my daughter's death:
Record it with your high and worthy deeds:
'Twas bravely done, if you bethink you of it.

Claud. I know not how to pray your patience;
Yet I must speak. Choose your revenge yourself;
Impose me to what penance your invention
Can lay upon my sin: yet sinn’d I not
But in mistaking.

D. Pedro. By my soul, nor I:
And yet, to satisfy this good old man,
I would bend under any heavy weight
That he’ll enjoin me to.

Leon. I cannot bid you bid my daughter live;
That were impossible: but, I pray you both,
Possess the people in Messina here
How innocent she died; and if your love
Can labour aught in sad invention,
Hang her an epitaph upon her tomb,
And sing it to her bones, sing it to-night:
To-morrow morning come you to my house;
And since you could not be my son-in-law,
Be yet my nephew: my brother hath a daughter,
Almost the copy of my child that’s dead,
And she alone is heir to both of us:
Give her the right you should have given her cousin,
And so dies my revenge.

Claud. O noble sir,
Your over-kindness doth wring tears from me!
I do embrace your offer; and dispose
For henceforth of poor Claudio.

Leon. To-morrow, then, I will expect your coming;
To-night I take my leave. This naughty man
shall face to face be brought to Margaret,
who I believe was pack'd in all this wrong,
hired to it by your brother.

_Bora._ No, by my soul, she was not;
Nor knew not what she did when she spoke to me;
But always hath been just and virtuous
in any thing that I do know by her.

_Dog._ Moreover, sir, which indeed is not under white
and black, this plaintiff here, the offender, did call
me ass: I beseech you, let it be remembered
in his punishment. And also, the watch heard
them talk of one Deformed: they say he wears
a key in his ear, and a lock hanging by it; and
borrows money in God's name, the which he hath
used so long and never paid, that now men grow
hard-hearted, and will lend nothing for God's
sake: pray you, examine him upon that point.

_Leon._ I thank thee for thy care and honest pains.
_Dog._ Your worship speaks like a most thankful and
reverend youth; and I praise God for you.

_Leon._ There's for thy pains.
_Dog._ God save the foundation!
_Leon._ Go, I discharge thee of thy prisoner, and I
thank thee.
Dog. I leave an arrant knave with your worship; which I beseech your worship to correct yourself, for the example of others. God keep your worship! I wish your worship well; God restore you to health! I humbly give you leave to depart; and if a merry meeting may be wished, God prohibit it! Come, neighbour.

[Exeunt Dogberry and Verges.

Leon. Until to-morrow morning, lords, farewell.

Ant. Farewell, my lords: we look for you to-morrow.

D. Pedro. We will not fail.

Claud. To-night I'll mourn with Hero.

Leon. [To the Watch] Bring you these fellows on. We'll talk with Margaret,

How her acquaintance grew with this lewd fellow.

[Exeunt, severally.

Scene II.

Leonato's garden.

Enter Benedick and Margaret, meeting.

Bene. Pray thee, sweet Mistress Margaret, deserve well at my hands by helping me to the speech of Beatrice.

Marg. Will you, then, write me a sonnet in praise of my beautv?

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Bene. In so high a style, Margaret, that no man living shall come over it; for, in most comely truth, thou deservest it.

Marg. To have no man come over me! why, shall I always keep below stairs?

Bene. Thy wit is as quick as the greyhound’s mouth; it catches.

Marg. And yours as blunt as the fencer’s foils, which hit, but hurt not.

Bene. A most manly wit, Margaret; it will not hurt a woman: and so, I pray thee, call Beatrice: I give thee the bucklers.

Marg. Give us the swords; we have bucklers of our own.

Bene. If you use them, Margaret, you must put in the pikes with a vice; and they are dangerous weapons for maids.

Marg. Well, I will call Beatrice to you, who I think hath legs.

Bene. And therefore will come. [Exit Margaret.

[Sings] The god of love,
That sits above,
And knows me, and knows me,
How pitiful I deserve,—
I mean in singing; but in loving, Leander the good swimmer, Troilus the first employer of pandars, and a whole bookful of these quondam carpet-mongers, whose names yet run smoothly in the even road of a blank verse, why, they were never so truly turned over and over as my poor self in love. Marry, I cannot show it in rhyme; I have tried: I can find out no rhyme to 'lady' but 'baby,' an innocent rhyme; for 'scorn,' 'horn,' a hard rhyme; for 'school,' 'fool,' a babbling rhyme; very ominous endings: no, I was not born under a rhyming planet, nor I cannot woo in festival terms.

Enter Beatrice.

Sweet Beatrice, wouldst thou come when I called thee?

Beat. Yea, signior, and depart when you bid me.

Bene. O, stay but till then!

Beat. 'Then' is spoken; fare you well now: and yet, ere I go, let me go with that I came; which is, with knowing what hath passed between you and Claudio.

Bene. Only foul words; and thereupon I will kiss thee.

Beat. Foul words is but foul wind, and foul wind is
but foul breath, and foul breath is noisome; therefore I will depart unkissed.

_Bene._ Thou hast frighted the word out of his right sense, so forcible is thy wit. But I must tell thee plainly, Claudio undergoes my challenge; and either I must shortly hear from him, or I will subscribe him a coward. And, I pray thee now, tell me for which of my bad parts didst thou first fall in love with me?

_Beat._ For them all together; which maintained so politic a state of evil, that they will not admit any good part to intermingle with them. But for which of my good parts did you first suffer love for me?

_Bene._ Suffer love,—a good epithet! I do suffer love indeed, for I love thee against my will.

_Beat._ In spite of your heart, I think; alas, poor heart! If you spite it for my sake, I will spite it for yours; for I will never love that which my friend hates.

_Bene._ Thou and I are too wise to woo peaceably.

_Beat._ It appears not in this confession: there's not one wise man among twenty that will praise himself.
Bene. An old, an old instance, Beatrice, that lived in the time of good neighbours. If a man do not erect in this age his own tomb ere he dies, he shall live no longer in monument than the bell rings and the widow weeps.

Beat. And how long is that, think you?

Bene. Question: why, an hour in clamour, and a quarter in rheum: therefore is it most expedient for the wise, if Don Worm, his conscience, find no impediment to the contrary, to be the trumpet of his own virtues, as I am to myself. So much for praising myself, who, I myself will bear witness, is praiseworthy: and now tell me, how doth your cousin?

Beat. Very ill.

Bene. And how do you?

Beat. Very ill too.

Bene. Serve God, love me, and mend. There will I leave you too, for here comes one in haste.

Enter Ursula.

Urs. Madam, you must come to your uncle. Yonder's old coil at home: it is proved my Lady Hero hath been falsely accused, the prince and Claudio mightily abused; and Don John is the
author of all, who is fled and gone. Will you come presently?

*Beat.* Will you go hear this news, signior?

*Bene.* I will live in thy heart, die in thy lap, and be buried in thy eyes; and moreover I will go with thee to thy uncle's.

[Exeunt.

**Scene III.**

*A church.*

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, and three or four with tapers.

*Claud.* Is this the monument of Leonato?

*A Lord.* It is, my lord.

*Claud.* [Reading out of a scroll]

Done to death by slanderous tongues
Was the Hero that here lies:
Death, in guerdon of her wrongs,
Gives her fame which never dies.
So the life that died with shame
Lives in death with glorious fame.

Hang thou there upon the tomb,
Praising her when I am dumb.

Now, music, sound, and sing your solemn hymn.
Song.

Pardon, goddess of the night,
Those that slew thy virgin knight;
For the which, with songs of woe,
Round about her tomb they go.
Midnight, assist our moan;
Help us to sigh and groan,
Heavily, heavily:
Graves, yawn, and yield your dead,
Till death be uttered,
Heavily, heavily.

Claud. Now, unto thy bones good night!
Yearly will I do this rite.

D. Pedro. Good morrow, masters; put your torches out:
The wolves have prey'd; and look, the gentle day,
Before the wheels of Phoebus, round about
Dapples the drowsy east with spots of grey.
Thanks to you all, and leave us: fare you well.

Claud. Good morrow, masters: each his several way.

D. Pedro. Come, let us hence, and put on other weeds;
And then to Leonato's we will go.

Claud. And Hymen now with luckier issue speed's
Than this for whom we render'd up this woe.

[Exeunt.]
Scene IV.

A room in Leonato's house.

Enter Leonato, Antonio, Benedick, Beatrice, Margaret, Ursula, Friar Francis, and Hero.

Friar. Did I not tell you she was innocent?
Leon. So are the prince and Claudio, who accused her
   Upon the error that you heard debated:
   But Margaret was in some fault for this,
   Although against her will, as it appears
   In the true course of all the question.
Ant. Well, I am glad that all things sort so well.
Bene. And so am I, being else by faith enforced
   To call young Claudio to a reckoning for it.
Leon. Well, daughter, and you gentlewomen all,
   Withdraw into a chamber by yourselves,
   And when I send for you, come hither mask'd.
   [Exeunt Ladies

The prince and Claudio promised by this hour
To visit me. You know your office, brother:
You must be father to your brother's daughter,
And give her to young Claudio.
Ant. Which I will do with confirm'd countenance.
Friar. To do what, signior?
Bene. To bind me, or undo me; one of them.

Signior Leonato, truth it is, good signior,
Your niece regards me with an eye of favour.
Leon. That eye my daughter lent her: ’tis most true.
Bene. And I do with an eye of love requite her.
Leon. The sight whereof I think you had from me,
From Claudio, and the prince: but what ’s your will?
Bene. Your answer, sir, is enigmatical:
But, for my will, my will is, your good will
May stand with ours, this day to be conjoin’d
In the state of honourable marriage:
In which, good friar, I shall desire your help.
Leon. My heart is with your liking
Friar. And my help.
Here comes the prince and Claudio.

Enter Don Pedro and Claudio, and two or three others.

D. Pedro. Good morrow to this fair assembly.
Leon. Good morrow, prince; good morrow, Claudio:
We here attend you. Are you yet determined
To-day to marry with my brother’s daughter?
Claud. I ’ll hold my mind, were she an Ethiope.
Act V. Sc. iv.

Leon. Call her forth, brother; here's the friar ready.

[D. Pedro. Good morrow, Benedick. Why, what's the matter,
That you have such a February face,
So full of frost, of storm, and cloudiness?

Claud. I think he thinks upon the savage bull.
Tush, fear not, man; we'll tip thy horns with gold,
And all Europa shall rejoice at thee;
As once Europa did at lusty Jove,
When he would play the noble beast in love.

Bene. Bull Jove, sir, had an amiable low;
And some such strange bull leap'd your father's cow,
And got a calf in that same noble feat
Much like to you, for you have just his bleat.

Claud. For this I owe you: here comes other reckonings.

Re-enter Antonio, with the Ladies masked.

Which is the lady I must seize upon?

Ant. This same is she, and I do give you her.

Claud. Why, then she's mine. Sweet, let me see your face.

Leon. No, that you shall not, till you take her hand
Before this friar, and swear to marry her.

Claud. Give me your hand: before this holy friar,
I am your husband, if you like of me.

**Hero.** And when I lived, I was your other wife: 60

[Unmasking.

And when you loved, you were my other husband.

**Claud.** Another Hero!

**Hero.** Nothing certainer:

One Hero died defiled; but I do live
And surely as I live, I am a maid.

**D. Pedro.** The former Hero! Hero that is dead!

**Leon.** She died, my lord, but whiles her slander lived.

**Friar.** All this amazement can I qualify:

When after that the holy rites are ended,
I ’ll tell you largely of fair Hero’s death:
Meantime let wonder seem familiar,
And to the chapel let us presently.

**Bene.** Soft and fair, friar. Which is Beatrice?

**Beat.** [Unmasking] I answer to that name. What is your will?

**Bene.** Do not you love me?

**Beat.** Why, no; no more than reason.

**Bene.** Why, then your uncle, and the prince, and Claudio
Have been deceived; they swore you did.

**Beat.** Do not you love me?

**Bene.** Troth, no; no more than reason.

**Beat.** Why, then my cousin, Margaret, and Ursula
Act V. Sc. iv.  

Are much deceived; for they did swear you did.  

Bene. They swore that you were almost sick for me.  

Beat. They swore that you were well-nigh dead for me.  

Bene. ’Tis no such matter. Then you do not love me?  

Beat. No, truly, but in friendly recompence.  

Leon. Come, cousin, I am sure you love the gentleman.  

Claud. And I ’ll be sworn upon ’t that he loves her;  
For here ’s a paper, written in his hand,  
A halting sonnet of his own pure brain,  
Fashion’d to Beatrice.  

Hero. And here ’s another,  
Writ in my cousin’s hand, stolen from her pocket,  
Containing her affection unto Benedick.  

Bene. A miracle! here ’s our own hands against our hearts. Come, I will have thee; but, by this light, I take thee for pity.  

Beat. I would not deny you; but, by this good day,  
I yield upon great persuasion; and partly to save your life, for I was told you were in a consumption.  

Bene. Peace! I will stop your mouth.  

[Kissing her.  

D. Pedro. How dost thou, Benedick, the married man?  

Bene. I ’ll tell thee what, prince; a college of wit-crackers cannot flout me out of my humour.
Dost thou think I care for a satire or an epigram? No: if a man will be beaten with brains, a' shall wear nothing handsome about him. In brief, since I do purpose to marry, I will think nothing to any purpose that the world can say against it; and therefore never flout at me for what I have said against it; for man is a giddy thing, and this is my conclusion. For thy part, Claudio, I did think to have beaten thee; but in that thou art like to be my kinsman, live unbruised, and love my cousin.

Claud. I had well hoped thou wouldst have denied Beatrice, that I might have cudgelled thee out of thy single life, to make thee a double-dealer; which, out of question, thou wilt be, if my cousin do not look exceeding narrowly to thee.

Bene. Come, come, we are friends: let's have a dance ere we are married, that we may lighten our own hearts, and our wives' heels.

Leon. We'll have dancing afterward.

Bene. First, of my word; therefore play, music. Prince, thou art sad; get thee a wife, get thee a wife: there is no staff more reverend than one tipped with horn.
Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, your brother John is ta’en in flight,  
And brought with armed men back to Messina.

Bene. Think not on him till to-morrow: I’ll devise  
thee brave punishments for him. Strike up, 130  
pipers.

[Dance. Exeunt.]
Glossary.

ABUSED, deceived; V. ii. 100.

ACCORDANT, favourable; I. ii. 14.

ADAM; alluding to the outlaw Adam Bell, famous as an archer (cp. Percy's Reliques); I. i. 261.

ADVERTISEMENT, moral instruction; V. i. 32.

AFEARD, afraid; II. iii. 158.

AFFECT, love; I. i. 298.

AFFECTION, desire; II, ii. 6.

AFTER, afterwards; I. i. 328.

AGATE; an allusion to the little figures cut in agates, often worn in rings; a symbol of smallness; III. i. 65.

AIM; “a. better at me,” form a better opinion of me; III. ii. 99.

ALLIANCE; “Good Lord for al.” i.e. “Heaven send me a husband,” or “Good Lord, how many alliances are forming!”; II. i. 330.

ALMS; “an alms” = a charity; II. iii. 164.

ANCIENTRY, old fashioned manners; II. i. 80.

ANGEL, a gold coin (with pun upon noble and angel, both coins); II. iii. 35.

ANSWER; “to your a.” i.e. “to answer for your conduct”; V. i. 233.

ANTIQUE, antic, buffoon; III. i. 63.

ANTIQUELY, fantastically; V. i. 96.

APES; a reference to the old superstition that old maids had to lead apes in hell; II. i. 43.

APPEAR ITSELF, appear as a reality; I. ii. 22.

APPREHENSION; “professed ap.” i.e. “set up for a wit”; III. iv. 68.

APPROVED, tried, proved; II. i. 394; IV. i. 45.

ARGUMENT, subject (for satire); I. i. 258; proof; II. iii. 243.

AT A WORD = in a word; II. i. 118.

ATE, goddess of Fury and Mischief; II. i. 263.

BALDRICK, belt; I. i. 244.

BEAR IN HAND, keep in (false) hope; IV. i. 305.

BEAR-WARD (Quartos, Folios, read berrord; other eds., bear-herd), bear-leader; II. i. 43.

BEATEN; “b. with brains,” i.e. mocked; V. iv. 104.

BEL; “God Bel's priests” alludes to some representation in stained glass of the story of Bel and the Dragon; III. iii. 143.

BELOW STAIRS; “shall I always keep below stairs,” an expression of doubtful meaning; probably = “in the servant's room”; hence “remain unmarried”; V. ii. 10.

BENT, tension, straining (properly an expression of archery); II. iii. 232; disposition; IV. i. 188.

BILLS; “set up his bills,” i.e. “posted his challenge, like a fencing-master”; I. i. 39.

BILLS, pikes carried by watchmen; III. iii. 43.

BILLS, used quibblingly for (1) bonds, and (2) watchmen's halberds; III. iii. 191.

BIRD-BOLT, a short arrow with a broad flat end, used to kill birds without piercing; I. i. 42.
Glossary.

BLACK, dark-complexioned; III. i. 63.
BLAZON, explanation; II. i. 307.
BLOCK, wooden model for shaping hats; I. i. 77.
BLOOD, temperament; I. iii. 29; passion; II. i. 187.
BLOODS, young fellows; III. iii. 141.
BOARDED, accosted; II. i. 140.
BOOKS; "not in your books," i.e. "not in your good books"; I. i. 79.
BORROWS; "b. money in God's name," i.e. "begs it"; V. i. 319.
BOTTLE, a small wooden barrel; I. i. 259.
BRAVE, becoming, fitting; V. iv. 130.
BREAK, broach the subject; I. i. 311, 328.
BREATHING = breathing-space; II. i. 378.
BRING, accompany; III. ii. 3.
BUCKLERS; "I give thee the b." i.e. "I yield thee the victory"; V. ii. 17.
BY, concerning; V. i. 312.

CANDLE-WASTERS, those who burn the midnight oil, bookworms; V. i. 18.
CANKER, canker-rose; I. iii. 28.
CAPON, used as a term of contempt; (? a pun, according to some = "a fool's cap on"); V. i. 156.
CARDUUS; "C. Benedictus," the holy-thistle; a plant supposed to cure all diseases, including the plague; III. iv. 73.

CARE KILLED A CAT, an old proverbial expression; V. i. 132.
CAREER; "in the c." i.e. "in tilting, as at a tournament"; V. i. 135.
CARPET-MONGERS, carpet-knights; V. ii. 32.
CARRIAGE, bearing, deportment; I. iii. 30.
CARRY, carry out; II. iii. 223.
CARVING, modelling, fashioning; II. iii. 18.
CENSURED, judged; II. iii. 233.
CHARGE, burden; I. i. 103; commission, office; III. iii. 7.

CHEAPEN, bid for; II. iii. 33.
CINQUE-PACE, a lively kind of dance; II. i. 77, 82.
CIRCUMSTANCES; "c. shortened," i.e. "to omit details"; III. ii. 105.
CIVET, a perfume made from the civet-cat; III. ii. 50.
CIVIL, used quibblingly with a play upon "civil" and "Seville"; II. i. 304.

CLAW, flatter; I. iii. 19.
COC, to deceive, especially by smooth lies; V. i. 95.
COIL; confusion, III. iii. 100; old coil = much ado, great stir, "the devil to pay"; V. ii. 98.

COLDLY, quietly; III. ii. 132.
COMMODITY, any kind of merchandise; III. iii. 190.
COMPANY, companionship; V. i. 192.
COMPREHENDED, blunder for "apprehended"; III. v. 50.
CONCEIT, conception; II. i. 309.
CONDITIONS, qualities; III. ii. 68.
CONFIRMED, unmoved; V. iv. 17.
CONSUMMATE, unmoved; III. ii. 1.

CONTUMPTIBLE, contumacious; II. iii. 188.
CONTROLMENT, constraint; I. iii. 21.
CONVEYANCE; "impossible c." incredible dexterity; II. i. 252.
COUNT COMPECT, i.e. "Count Sugarplum," with probably a play upon conte or compite, a fictitious story; IV. i. 318.
COUNTIES, counts; IV. i. 317.
COUNTY, count; II. i. 195; II. i 370.
COURTSSIES, mere forms of courtesy; IV. i. 322.
COURTESY = curtesy; II. i. 56.
Cousins, kinsmen, enrolled among the dependants of great families, little more than attendants; I. ii. 25.
CROSS; "broke c." i.e. "broke a-
about Nothing

thwart the opponent's body"; (an expression taken from tilting) V. i. 129.

CUNNING, clever; V. i. 234.
CURST, shrewish; II. i. 22, 23, &c.

DAFF, put off; V. i. 78.
DAFFED, put aside; II. iii. 176.
DANGEROUS, threatening; V. i. 97.
DEADLY, mortally; V. i. 178.
DAR HAPINESS, a precious piece of good fortune; I. i. 129.
DECERNS = a blunder for "concerns"; III. v. 4.
DEFEND, forbid; II. i. 97.
DEFILED (the reading of the Quartos, omitted in the Folio), defiled by slander; V. iv. 63.
DEPRAVE, practise detraction; V. i. 95.
DIFFERENCE, used technically; "heraldic differences" distinguish the bearers of the same coat armour, and demonstrate their nearness to the representative of the family; I. i. 69.
DISCOVER, reveal; III. ii. 96.
DISCOVERED, revealed; I. ii. 11.
DIVISION, order, arrangement; V. i. 229.
DOCTOR, a learned person; V. i. 206.
DON WORM (Conscience was formerly represented under the symbol of a worm); V. ii. 86.
DOTALG, doting love; II. iii. 175, 224.
DOUBLE-DEALER, one who is unfaithful in love or wedlock; V. iv. 116.
DOUBLET AND HOSE; "in his d. and h." i.e. "without his cloak"; alluding to the custom of taking off the cloak before fighting a duel; V. i. 203.
DOUBT, suspect; V. i. 118.
DRAW, draw the bow of a fiddle (according to others draw the instruments from their cases); V. i. 128.
DROVIER = drover; II. i. 201.

DRAVVND (a sign of a cold and chaste nature); II. i. 123.
DUMB-SHOW, a pantomime; II. iii. 226.
DUMPS, low spirits; II. iii. 73.

EARNEST, handsel, part payment; II. i. 42.
ECSTASY, madness, II. iii. 157.
EFTEST, quickest (perhaps a blunder for "deftest"); IV. ii. 38.
EMBASSAGE, embassy; I. i. 282.
ENGAGED, pledged; IV. i. 335.
ENTERAINED, employed; I. iii. 60.
EUROPA, Europe (used quibblingly); V. iv. 45-6.
EVER, plain; IV. i. 266.
EVERY DAY, immediately, without delay, as the French incessamment; perhaps "E. to-morrow" = "every day (after) to-morrow"; III. i. 101.
EXCOMMUNICATION, blunder for "communication"; III. v. 69.
EXHIBITION; "e. to examine," possibly a blunder for "examination to exhibit"; IV. ii. 5.
EXPERIMENTAL; "e. seal" i.e. "the seal of experience"; IV. i. 168.

FAITH, fidelity in friendship; I. i. 75; honour, pledge; V. iv. 8.
FANCY, love; III. ii. 31.
FASHION-MONGING, foppish; V. i. 94.
FATHERS HERSELF, is like her father; I. i. 112.
FAVOUR, countenance; II. i. 97.
FENCE, skill in fencing; V. i. 75.
FESTIVAL TERMS, not in everyday language; V. ii. 41.
FETCH ME IN, draw me into a confession; I. i. 225.
FINE, conclusion; I. i. 247.
FLEER, sneer; V. i. 58.
FLEET, company; II. i. 148.
FLIGHT, shooting with the flight, a kind of light and well-feathered arrow; I. i. 40.
Glossary.

FLOUT; "f. old ends," i.e. make fun of old endings of letters; I. i. 290.

FLOUTING JACK, mocking rascal; I. i. 186.

FOILING, thrusting; V. i. 84.

FRAME, order, disposition of things; IV. i. 130.

FRAMED, devised; V. i. 71.

FROM, away from; "f. all fashions," averse to all fashions, eccentric; III. i. 72.

FULL; "you have it full," i.e. "you are fully answered"; I. i. 110.

FULL, fully; III. i. 45.

FURNISH, to dress; III. i. 103.

GIRDLE; "to turn his girdle," to give a challenge (alluding to the practice of turning the large buckle of the girdle behind one, previously to challenging anyone); V. i. 142.

God save the Foundation! (the customary phrase employed by those who received alms at the gates of religious houses); V. i. 327.

GO IN = join with you in; I. i. 188.

GOOD DEN, good evening; III. ii. 83.

GOOD-YEAR, supposed to be a corruption of goujère, a disease; used as a mild imprecation; I. iii. 1.

GO TO THE WORLD, to marry; II. i. 330.

GRACE, favour; I. iii. 23.

GRACIOUS, attractive; IV. i. 109.

GRANT; the fairest grant = "the best boon is that which answers the necessities of the case"; I. i. 319.

GREAT CHAM, the Khan of Tartary; II. i. 277.

GUARDED, ornamented; I. i. 288.

GUARDS, ornaments; I. i. 280.

GUERDON, recompense; V. iii. 5.

H, i.e. ache; the latter word and the name of the letter were pronounced alike; III. iv. 56.

HAGGARDS, wild, untrained hawks; III. i. 36.

HALF-PENCE, very small pieces; II. iii. 146.

HAPPINESS; "outward happiness," i.e. "prepossessing appearance"; II. iii. 190.

HARE-FINDER, one skilled to find the hare; with perhaps a play upon "hair-finder"; I. i. 186.

HEAD, "to thy head" = "to thy face"; V. i. 62.

HEARKEN AFTER, inquire into; V. i. 216.

"Heigh-ho for a husband," the title of an old ballad still extant (cp. III. iv. 54, 55); II. i. 332.

HEIGHT, highest degree; IV. i. 303.

HIGH-PROOF, in a high degree; V. i. 123.

HOBBY-HORSES (used as a term of contempt); III. ii. 75.

HOLD IT UP, continue it; II. iii. 126.

HOLDS; "h. you well," thinks well of you; III. ii. 101.

HOW, however; III. i. 60.

"Hundred Merry Tales," a popular jest-book of the time (included in Hazlitt's Collection of Shakespeare Jest Books, 1864); II. i. 135.

IMPORTANT, importunate; II. i. 74.

IMPOSE ME TO, impose upon me; V. i. 282.

IN, with; II. i. 68.

INCENSED, instigated; V. i. 242.

INFINITE, infinite stretch, utmost power; II. iii. 106.

IN RESPECT OF = in comparison with; III. iv. 18.

INTEND, pretend; II. ii. 35.

IN THAT, inasmuch as; V. iv. 111.

INVENTION, mental activity; IV. i. 196.

INWARDNESS, intimacy; IV. i. 247.
**Glossary.**

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<td>(used as a term of contempt); V. i. 91.</td>
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<td>JUST</td>
<td>that is so; II. i. 29.</td>
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<td>KID-FOX</td>
<td>young fox; II. iii. 44.</td>
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<td>KIND</td>
<td>natural; I. i. 26.</td>
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<td>KINDLY</td>
<td>natural; IV. i. 75.</td>
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<td>LAPWING</td>
<td>a reference to the habit of the female green plover; when disturbed on its nest it runs close to the ground a short distance without uttering any cry, while the male bird keeps flying round the intruder, uttering its peculiar cry very rapidly and loudly, and trying, by every means, to draw him in a contrary direction from the nest; III. i. 24.</td>
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<td>LARGE</td>
<td>&quot;large jests,&quot; broad jests; II. iii. 206.</td>
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<td>LARGE</td>
<td>free, licentious; IV. i. 53.</td>
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<td>LEAP'D</td>
<td>covered; V. iv. 49.</td>
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<td>LEARN</td>
<td>teach; IV. i. 31.</td>
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<td>LEWD</td>
<td>depraved; V. i. 341.</td>
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<td>LIBERAL</td>
<td>licentious; IV. i. 93.</td>
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<td>LIGHT o' LOVE</td>
<td>a popular old dance tune, often referred to; III. iv. 44.</td>
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<td>LIMED</td>
<td>snared as with bird-lime; III. i. 104.</td>
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<td>LIVER</td>
<td>(used as &quot;heart&quot; for the seat of love); IV. i. 233.</td>
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<td>LOCK</td>
<td>a love-lock; III. iii. 183.</td>
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<td>LOCK</td>
<td>&quot;he wears a key in his ear, and a t. hanging by it,&quot; a quibbling allusion to the &quot;love-locks&quot; worn at the time, and perhaps to the fashion of wearing roses in the ears; V. i. 388.</td>
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<td>LODGE</td>
<td>the hut occupied by the watchman in a rabbit-warren; II. i. 222.</td>
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<td>LOW</td>
<td>short; III. i. 65.</td>
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<td>LUSTIHOOD</td>
<td>vigour; V. i. 76.</td>
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<td>LUXURIOUS</td>
<td>lustful; IV. i. 42.</td>
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<td>MARL</td>
<td>a kind of clay; II. i. 66.</td>
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<td>MATCH</td>
<td>mate, marry; II. i. 68.</td>
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<td>MATTER</td>
<td>sense, seriousness; II. i. 344.</td>
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<td>MATTER</td>
<td>&quot;no such matter,&quot; nothing of the kind; II. iii. 225.</td>
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<td>MAY</td>
<td>can; IV. i. 267.</td>
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<td>MEASURE</td>
<td>used quibblingly in double sense in connection with dance; II. i. 74.</td>
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<td>MEDICINABLE</td>
<td>medicinal; II. ii. 5.</td>
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<td>MEET WITH</td>
<td>even with; I. i. 47.</td>
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<td>MERELY</td>
<td>entirely; II. iii. 226.</td>
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<td>METAL</td>
<td>material; II. i. 62.</td>
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<td>MISGOVERNMENT</td>
<td>misconduct; IV. i. 100.</td>
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<td>MISPRISING</td>
<td>despising; III. i. 52.</td>
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<td>MISPRISION</td>
<td>mistake; IV. i. 187.</td>
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<td>MISUSE</td>
<td>deceive; II. ii. 28.</td>
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<td>MISUSED</td>
<td>abused; II. i. 246.</td>
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<td>MOE</td>
<td>more; II. iii. 72.</td>
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<td>MONUMENT</td>
<td>&quot;in m.&quot; = &quot;in men's memory&quot;; V. ii. 81.</td>
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<td>MORAL</td>
<td>hidden meaning, like the moral of a fable; III. iv. 78.</td>
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<td>MORAL</td>
<td>ready to moralize; V. i. 30.</td>
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<td>MORTIFYING</td>
<td>killing; I. iii. 13.</td>
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<td>MOUNTAIN</td>
<td>a great heap, a huge amount; II. i. 382.</td>
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<td>MOUNTANTO</td>
<td>i.e. montanto, a term in fencing, &quot;an upright blow or thrust,&quot; applied by Beatrice to Benedict; I. i. 30.</td>
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<td>NEAR</td>
<td>dear to; II. i. 169.</td>
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<td>NEIGHBOURS</td>
<td>the time of &quot;good n.&quot; i.e. &quot;when men were not envious of one another&quot;; V. ii. 79.</td>
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<td>NEW-TROTHED</td>
<td>newly betrothed; III. i. 38.</td>
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<td>NIGHT-GOWN</td>
<td>dressing gown; III. iv. 18.</td>
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<td>NIGHT-RAVEN</td>
<td>the owl or the night-heron; II. iii. 84.</td>
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<tr>
<td>NONCOME</td>
<td>&quot;to a n.&quot; probably = to be non compos mentis; III. v. 67.</td>
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Nothing, pronounced much in the same way as "noting"; hence the pun here on "no-thing" and "no-thing"; II. iii. 59.

Nuptial, marriage ceremony; IV. i. 69.

Of, by; I. i. 126.

Off, away from; III. v. 10.

On, of; IV. i. 139.

Only, alone, of all others; I. iii. 41.

Opinioned, a blunder for "pinioned"; IV. ii. 69.

Orchard, garden; I. ii. 10.

Orthography = orthographer, one who uses fine words; II. iii. 21.

Out-facing, facing the matter out with looks; V. i. 94.

Over-borne, overcome; II. iii. 157.

Pack'd, implicated; V. i. 308.

Palabras, i.e. pocas palabras, (Spanish)= "few words"; III. v. 18.

Partridge wing (formerly considered the most delicate part of the bird); II. i. 155.

Passing, exceedingly; II. i. 84.

Passion, emotion; V. i. 23.

Pent-house, a porch or shed with sloping roof; III. iii. 110.

Philemon's roof; an allusion to the story of the peasant Philemon and his Baucis, who received Jupiter into their thatched cottage; II. i. 99.

Piety, Dogberry's blunder for "im-piety"; IV. ii. 81.

Pigmies, a race of dwarfs fabled to dwell beyond Mount Imaus in India; II. i. 278.

Pikes, central spikes screwed into the bucklers or shields, of the 16th century; V. ii. 21.

Pitch; "they that touch pitch, &c.," a popular proverb derived from Ecclesiasticus xiii. 1; III. iii. 60.

Pleached, interwoven; III. i. 7.

Pleasant, merry; I. i. 37.

Pluck up, rouse thyself; V. i. 207.

Possess, inform; V. i. 290.

Possessed, influenced; III. iii. 166.

Practice, contrivance, plotting; IV. i. 190.

Preceptual; "p. medicine," i.e. "the medicine of precepts"; V. i. 24.

Present, represent; III. iii. 79.

Presently, immediately; II. ii. 57.

Press; an allusion to the punishment known as the peine forte et dure, which consisted of piling heavy weights on the body; III. i. 76.

Prester John, Presbyter John, a mythical Christian King of India, of whose wonders Mandeville tells us much; II. i. 276.

Prized, estimated; III. i. 90.

Prohibit (used amiss by Dogberry); V. i. 336.

Prolong'd, deferred; IV. i. 256.

Proof; "your own p." i.e. "in your own trial of her"; IV. i. 46.

Proper, handsome; II. iii. 189.

Properest, handsomest; V. i. 174.

Propose, conversation; III. i. 12.

Proposing, conversing; III. i. 3.

Push; "made a push at," i.e. "defied"; V. i. 38.

Qualify, moderate; V. iv. 67.

Queasy, squeamish; II. i. 399.

Question; "in q." i.e. "under trial, subject to judicial examination"; III. iii. 192.

Question = that's the question; V. ii. 84.

Question, investigation; V. iv. 6.

Quips, sarcasms; II. iii. 249.

Quirks, shallow conceits; II. iii. 245.

Quit, require; IV. i. 202.
Glossary.

**REASONS** (punning, according to some commentators, upon "reasons" and "raisins"); V. i. 211.

**RECHEAT**, a term of the chase; the call sounded to bring the dogs back; I. i. 242.

**REDEEMED**, blunder for "perdition"; IV. ii. 59.

**REMEMBER**, render back; IV. i. 30.

**REPORTINGLY**, on mere report; III. i. 116.

**REPROVE**, disprove; II. iii. 241.

**REVERENCE**, privilege of age; V. i. 64.

**REVERSE**, privilege of age; V. i. 64.

**REVENGE**, privilege of age; V. i. 64.

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Glossary.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING

TAKEN UP, used quibblingly for (1) arrested, and (2) obtained on credit; III. iii. 191.
TALE; “both in a tale,” i.e. “they both say the same”; IV. ii. 33.
TAX, to censure; I. i. 46.
TEACH, to be taught; I. i. 293.
TEMPER, compound, mix; II. ii. 21.
TEMPORIZE, make terms; I. i. 276.
TERMINATIONS, terms; II. i. 256.
THICK-PLEACHED, thickly intervowen; I. ii. 9.
TICKLING (trisyllabic); III. i. 80.
TIRE, head-dress; III. iv. 13.
To, with; II. i. 243.
TONGUES; “he hath the t.” i.e. “he knows foreign languages”; V. i. 167.
TO-NIGHT, last night; III. v. 33.
TOOTH-PICKER=tooth-pick; II. i. 274.
TOP; “by the top”=by the forelock; I. ii. 15.
TRACE, walk; III. i. 16.
TRANS-SHAPE, caricature; V. i. 172.
TRIAL; “to trial of a man,” i.e. “to a combat, man to man”; V. i. 66.
TROW=trow ye, i.e. think ye? III. iv. 59.
TRUTH, genuine proof; II. ii. 49.
TUITION, guardianship; I. i. 283.
TURNED TURK=completely changed for the worse; III. iv. 57.
TYRANT, pitiless censor; I. i. 170.

UNCONFIRMED, inexperienced; III. iii. 124.
UNDERBORNE, trimmed, faced; III. iv. 21.
UNDERGOES, is subject to; V. ii. 57.

UNHAPPINESS, wanton or mischievous tricks; II. i. 361.
UNTOWARDLY, unluckily; III. ii. 134.
UP AND DOWN, exactly; II. i. 123.
UPON, in consequence of; IV. i. 225.
USE, usury, interest; II. i. 288.
USED; “hath u.” i.e. has made a practice of; used equivocally; V. i. 320.
USURER’S CHAIN, an allusion to the gold chains worn by the more wealthy merchants, many of whom were bankers; II. i. 196.

VAGROM, Dogberry’s blunder for vagrant; III. i. 26.
VENICE, the city of pleasure-seekers, frequently alluded to as such by Elizabethan writers; I. i. 274.

WEAK, foolish; III. i. 54.
WEEDS, garments, dress; V. iii. 30.
WINDY; “on the w. side of care,” i.e. “to windward of care” (the metaphor being from two sailing boats racing); II. i. 327.
WISH, desire; III. i. 42.
WIT, wisdom; II. iii. 194.
WIT=S=by; II. i. 64; V. iv. 128.
WITS; “five wits,” i.e. “the five intellectual powers,—common wit, imagination, fantasy, estimation, memory”; I. i. 66.
WOE, woful tribute; V. iii. 33.
Woo, press; II. iii. 50.
WOODCOCK, fool; V. i. 158.
WOOLLEN, blankets; II. i. 33.
WRING, wiste; V. i. 28.
Notes.

I. i. 218. The English story of “Mr Fox” alluded to here was first written down by Blakeway, who contributed to Malone’s Variorum Edition a version of the tale he had heard from an old aunt (cp. Jacobs’ English Fairy Tales).

II. i. 221. “As melancholy as a lodge in a warren”: the phrase suggests “The daughter of Zion is left as a cottage in a vineyard, as a lodge in a garden of cucumbers,” Isaiah i. 8.

II. ii. 45. Some editors substitute “Borachio” for “Claudio” in order to relieve the difficulty here, but, as the Cambridge editors point out, “Hero’s supposed offence would not be enhanced by calling one lover by the name of the other . . . Perhaps the author meant that Borachio should persuade her to play, as children say, at being Hero and Claudio.”

II. iii. 38. The Folio reads:—“Enter Prince, Leonato, Claudio, and Jack Wilson”: the latter was probably the singer who took the part of Balthasar.

III. ii. 27. “Where is but a humour or a worm”: toothache was popularly supposed to be caused by a worm at the root of the tooth.

III. iii. It is an interesting fact that “Dogberry,” the vulgar name of the dogwood, was used as a surname as far back as the time of Richard II., and that “Verges,” a provincial corruption
or _verjuice_, occurs in an ancient MS. (MS. Ashmol. 38) as the name of a usurer whose epitaph is given:—

"Here lies father Varges
Who died to save charges."

III. iii. 92. " _Keep your fellows' counsels and your own._" It has been pointed out by students of Shakespeare's legal acquirements that these words still form part of the oath administered by judges' marshal to the grand jurymen at the present day.

III. v. 18. " _Comparisons are odorous._" An elaborate extension of this joke occurs in the old play of Sir Gyles Goosecappe (c. 1603).

III. v. 37. " _When the age is in, the wit is out_; a blunder for the old proverbial expression, " _when the ale is in, wit is out_"—

"When ale is in, wit is out,
When ale is out, wit is in,
The first thou showest out of doubt,
The last in thee hath not been."

HEYWOOD'S _Epigrams and Proverbs._

IV. ii. Nearly all the speeches of Dogberry throughout the scene are given to the famous comedian "Kemp," those of Verges to "Cowley." William Kemp and Richard Cowley are among the "principall actors" enumerated in the First Folio. The retention of the names of the actors "supplies a measure of the editorial care to which the several Folios were submitted." Dogberry's speech is assigned to "Andrew," probably a familiar appellation of Kemp, who, according to the Cambridge Edition, often played the part of "Merry Andrew."

IV. ii. 5. " _We have the exhibition to examine._" Verges' blunder is not quite clear: possibly "exhibition" is used in the sense of
“allowance” or permission; otherwise he perhaps means “examination to exhibit.”

V. i. 16. “Bid sorrow wag, cry ‘hem’!” The Quarto and the first and second Folios read, “And sorrow wagge, crie hem”: Folio 3, “And hallow, wag, cry hem”: Folio 4, “And hollow, wag, cry hem.” Many emendations have been suggested. Capell’s “bid sorrow wag,” is now generally adopted. Johnson proposed “Cry, sorrow wag! and hem.” (“Sorrow wag,” like “care away,” was probably a proverbial phrase.) One other suggestion is perhaps noteworthy:—“And, sorry wag, cry ‘hem.’”

V. iii. 20, 21. “Heavily, heavily”; so reads the Quarto; the Folios “Heavenly, heavenly,” adopted by many editors. The same error, however, of “heavenly” for “heavily” occurs in the Folio reading of Hamlet II. ii. 309.

“The slayers of the virgin knight are performing a solemn requiem on the body of Hero, and they invoke Midnight and the shades of the dead to assist, until her death be uttered, that is, proclaimed, published, sorrowfully, sorrowfully” (Halliwell).

V. iv. 125. “There is no staff more reverend than one tipped with horn”; i.e. having a ferrule of horn; there is, of course, a quibbling allusion in the words to the favourite Elizabethan joke.
SHAKESPEARE:
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.